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Balochistan: 271 Dengue cases reported from Turbat in December



Flour crisis hits Balochistan per kg flour now at Rs.125

Normalcy returns to Gwadar after days of protests and clashes

Behram Baloch

Normalcy returned to Gwadar, Pakistan's port city after days of protests and clashes between police and protesters. Shopkeepers opened their shops in the main Gwadar Bazar on Monday. The Gwadar Rights Movement (GRM), activists Movement (GRM) activists have been protesting against the provincial government for the last more than two months against illegal fishing/trawl-ing and unnecessary check

Baton-wielding policemen were deployed in various parts of the port city to main-tain order. A high-level meet-ing chaired by the Chief Secretary Balochistan, Abdul Aziz Uqaili expressed satisfaction over the return of normalcy in the port city. Deputy Commissioner Gwadar and other high-ups briefed the meeting about the law and order situation through a video link.

14 activists including a local journalist sent to jail

14 activists of the GRM including a local journalist Obaidullah were sent to jail. The DC Gwadar had arrested all 14 activists including the local journalist Obaidullah under the Maintainance of Public Order (MPO)-3. The Balochistan Union of Journalists (BUJ) has strong-ly condemned the arrest of



the local journalist and demanded his immediate "We are in contact release. with the government about

the release of the journalist", the BUJ said in a statement. Residents of Gwadar heaved a sigh of relief after the opening of shops, petrol pumps, and the restoration of mobile service. Gwadar port has also become operational and workers are engaged in loading and unloading of wheat trucks, an official handout issued on Tuesday

evening said. The internet service was yet to be restored.

The fisheries department launched action against the trawler mafia

Tourist activities in the Gwadar district were also restored and tourists started visiting the sea view, the handouts men-

tioned. The Secretary Fisheries department briefed the meeting about the action against the elements involved in illegal fishing and trawling in the Arabian sea. He informed that all departments were that all departments were making combined efforts

to arrest elements involved in illegal fish-ing and trawling in

Gwadar.
The Chief Secretary directed the concerned officials to make sure the provision of clean drinking water to Gwadar and reduce the load shedding in the city. He said the government was committed to addressing the issues faced by the residents of Gwadar.

NSC meeting reiterates 'zero tolerance' against terrorism

The second round of the National Security Committee (NSC) meet-ing convened on Monday reiterated its resolve to have "zero tolerance" for

terrorist incidents in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Balochistan.

Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif empha-sised that the war against



terrorism in the country,

terrorism in the country, according to the Prime Minister's Office (PMO).

The moot — the principal decision-making forum on foreign policy and national security — was attended by senior civilian and military leaders with key matters of security and the economy on the agenda.

A press release issued by the PMO after the meeting's conclusion said the NSC reaffirmed its determination to take on

determination to take on "any and all entities that resort to violence", adding that any violence would be dealt with the "full force of the state".

"Pakistan's security is

"Pakistan's security is uncompromisable and the full writ of the state will be maintained on every inch of Pakistan's territo-ry," the press release reads.

It added that the committee was apprised of the country's security situa-tion of the country with a particular focus on recent

terrorism will be led by federal and provincial governments as per the National Action Plan in accordance with the National Internal Security Policy with "people-cen-tric socio-economic development" as the pri-

ority.
Meanwhile, the armed forces will provide "resolute deterrence and

secure a conducive and enabling environment". "Provincial Apex Committees are being revived in full earnest and LEAs (law enforcement LEAs (law enforcement agencies), especially CTDs (counter terrorism departments), will be brought up to the required fighting standards with requisite capabilities.

The forum concluded that no country will be allowed to provide sanctuaries and facilitation to terrorists and Pakistan reserves all rights in that

reserves all rights in that respect to safeguard her people," the press release reads.Web Desk

Flour crisis hits Balochistan per kg flour now at Rs.125

Staff Reporter

QUETTA: Flour crisis hits Quetta and other parts of Balochistan as per kilogram of flour reaches Rs.125. Skyrocketing flour prices have compounded the problems of the downtrodden class and middle classes in the province. "What this government is doing, per kg directly jumped from Rs.115 to 125", Noor Muhammad, Noor Muhammad, aged citizen told Daily Quetta Voice.

Some shopkeepers are selling 20 kgs at Rs.2600 in Quetta city. "There is



no check and balance on increasing

Badruddin Kakar, the central leader of the flour mills association long queues. Balochistan lamented He said the food department stock of wheat was finished and that rulers were least bothered about the plight of cus-

The provincial government's plan to provide cheap flour is also failing to meet the requirement, the provincial govern-ment has announced to provide a bag of 20 kg at Rs 1470 but the govern-ment does not have enough flour. Citizens say that when some bags are sent to an area, they

Eighteen flour mills in Quetta need 25 thousand bags of wheat per day, the mills are running out of stock of wheat and flour. The mill owners have blamed the government for the crisis and said that the government bought only two and a half lakh bags of wheat from Pasco, which fell short. Flour mill owners say that the government should immediately arrange 9 to 10 lakh sacks of wheat or the flour will disappear from

Balochistan: 271 Dengue cases reported from Turbat in December

News Desk

Dengue virus is going out of control in Turbat as there were 271 cases reported in the month of December 2022. Scores of people were reported to be Dengue positive from the Teaching Hospital Turbat, while there are no facilities in the hospitals.

The local people claimed that it is a normal routine for the doctors to be absent even at 12 o'clock. Teaching Hospital is the largest hospital in Turbat but still, it is deprived of the basic facilities. "The sanitation system is poor in the hospital", an heir of a patient



During and after the passage of floods, Balochistan reported 3389 of the cases were reported from Balochistan's Mekran division, health sources told Daily Quetta

Measles outbreak in Dukki claims lives of 4 children hundreds infected

Hussain Zarkoon

DUKKI: Measles outbreak in Balochistan's Dukki has claimed the lives of four chil-dren and infected hundreds. The Medical Superintendent (MS) of Dukki hospital confirmed the death of four children as a result of the outbreak of measles. "The parents of children had refused vaccination for their children", Dr. Johar Shadozai, the MS of the hospital claimed. Some family members blamed the health department for its failure to provide timely vaccination to the children "Teams came when our children died", Abdullah, one of the relatives of the four children who died because of the epidemic



Medical teams were sent to the Habib Qila and other affect-ed areas of the district. So far, 242 children have been vacci-

nated and provided with medicines, Mr. Shadozai informed He mentioned that an antimeasles campaign was also launched throughout the district to make sure vaccination of every child. However, Abdullah disagrees and said that officials came into action after the death of the children.

The lives of thousands of children across Balochistan are in danger because of the declining ratio of routine immunization. Children aged between 6 months to 15 years are the most affected, especially in those communities that do not believe in vaccination. Chronic refusals coupled with poor medical facilities in rural Balochistan are one of the underlying rea-sons behind the increasing deaths of children.

the market **IHC** reserves verdict on Swati's post-arrest bail in controversial tweet case

ISLAMABAD The Islamabad High Court (IHC) on Monday (IHC) on Monday reserved the judgement on the post-arrest bail of Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf (PTI) leader Azam Swati in the controversial tweet

Chief Justice Aamer Farooq reserved the judgement after lis-tening to the arguments. The special prosecutor did not appear in the court; Azam Swati's lawyer Babar Awan appeared in the court. Babar Awan told the



stance before the court. "My father had written a letter. I would like to

Azam Swati's son said. 'The court will constitute a larger bench on this

this matter once and for all. The court normally does not see these types of letters," the IHC chief

justice remarked.
"The court should look into this matter today," Babar Awan pleaded with the court."It is not possi-ble to constitute a larger bench today," the court replied."I have requested Azam Swati's son to withdraw the letter," Babar Awan told the court.On the occasion, Deputy Attorney General Arshad Mehmood Kayani informed the court.INP

court that Azam Swati's Sacrifices of martyrs for eliminating terrorism to be remembered forever: President

ISLAMABAD: President Dr Arif Alvi has said that sacrifices of martyrs to eliminate terrorist from the motherland would be remembered forever

He stated this on Monday during telephonic conversation with the bereaved families of shaheed personnel of Pakistan army who embraced shahadat in different incidents.

President Arif Alvi paid tribute to shuhada

with the bereaved families and prayed for them to bear the losses with According to Press Secretariat of President Wind, he contacted father of Shaheed Sepoy Muhammad Wasim who embraced martyr-

dom in Janikhel area of Bannu on December 31 His father expressed the resolve that he had three sons who were

President Arif Alvi paid tribute to shuhada, expressed sympathies



ready to sacrifice themselves for the motherland

The President lauded the sacrifice of Shaheed sepoy and the patriot-

President Alvi also contacted Muhammad Ashraf, brother of Shaheed Sobedar Shujja Hussain, who laid down his life in Kurram

Muhammad Ashraf apprised the president that his mother was proud of his son's sacrifice

Separately, the president also phoned Gohar Yaseen, brother of Shaheed Abdur Rehman who told him that they were ready to sacrifice their lives for Pakistan

The president also expressed his condolence with the uncle of Shaheed Naik Muhammad Ramzan. INP

QUETTA VOICE Editor Asim Khan Unsafe Gas Cylinders in Balochistan

Gas cylinder blasts have claimed scores of precious human lives in Balochistan. A recent gas cylinder blast in Balochistan's Kohlu injured 33 people including 31 children. Six children critically injured as a result of the blast have succumbed to injuries in the burn unit of Punjab's Multan hospital. Seven minors are still battling for their lives at the burn ward.

Unsafe gas cylinders in Balochistan

All the victims had suffered burn wounds when the gas cylinder exploded with a big bang in the Bohri area of Kohlu district. Police said children had gathered around a potato chips seller when the cylinder went off during a wedding party. A similar gas cylinder blast claimed 6 precious human lives in Balochistan's Pishin district.

Gas cylinder blasts order of the day in Balochistan Gas cylinder blasts have almost become the order of the day in

Gas cylinder blasts have almost become the order of the day in Balochistan. There seems to be no mechanism to check the quality of gas cylinders. The sale of sub-standard Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) cylinders is on the rise in the market. LPG sellers are busy illegally filling the gas cylinders to mint money right under the nose of the authorities.

LPG decanting from one cylinder to another using an electric motor is prohibited by law but the practice is continuing due to the absence of strict monitoring by the authorities concerned. Since the residents face low gas pressure issues, using LPG as an alternate source is the only option for them. Not only domestic cylinders are being filled, but LPG is also being filled in vehicles through electric motors.

People smoking while decanting the LPG

It can be observed that shopkeepers decant LPG without taking any safe-ty measures. People, customers, and even shopkeepers can be seen smoking while decanting the LPG. The government is yet to take notice of such inci-dents. The officials hard take notice. Regarding the Kohlu tragedy, the incident happened on November 8 and the police registered the FIR against the accused on November 14. This reflects the interest of the concerned quar-

In rural Balochistan, such incidents are rampant. Although, very few incidents are being reported. The Balochistan government needs to take notice of such incidents and form a committee comprising experts to evolve a proper mechanism in this regard to avoid future human losses. Rulers need to be framed and the LPG sellers must be strictly monitored to ensure implementation of the said mechanism.

Drinking Water Quality Status And Its Sources Of Contamination

Due to intimidating increase in population and rapid-fire industrialization. drinking water quality is being deteriorated day by day in Pakistan. This review sums up the issues of colorful exploration studies conducted for drinking water quality sta-tus of different areas of Pakistan by taking into account the physicochemi-cal parcels of drinking water as well as the pres-ence of colorful pathogenic microorganisms. About 20 of the whole population of Pakistan has access to safe drinking water.

EDITORIAL

The remaining 80 of population is forced to use unsafe drinking water due to the failure of safe and healthy drinking water sources. The primary source of impurity is sewsources. erage(fecal) which is con-siderably discharged into drinking water system inventories. Secondary source of pollution is the disposal of poisonous chemicals from artificial backwaters, fungicides, and diseases from husfungicides, bandry sources into the water bodies.

Anthropogenic condi-tioning beget waterborne conditions that constitute about 80 of all conditions and are responsible for 33 of deaths. This review highlights the drinking water quality, impurity sources, sanitation situation, and goods of unsafe drinking water on humans. There's immediate need to

has

associate

take defensive measures and treatment technologies to overcome hygienic condition of drinking water inventories in different areas of Pakistan.

Water quality: Drinking water is mainly taken from surface and underground aquifers near rivers and canals. Surface water quality is rapidly declining due to the addi-tion of raw municipal and industrial wastewater as well as agricultural runoff to the water source. When river water flow is at its maximum, it contains a highly concentrated suspension. Most rivers are ong and thin and do not support aquatic species.
It is clear that these

waters are contaminated with facces and need to be treated appropriately to remove the contaminants for human consumption. In Pakistan, four major cities use surface water; these are Islamabad, Karachi Hyderabad.

The main cause of

microbiological contamination is the mixing of the common sewer with the domestic water supply. In most rural areas of Pakistan, surface water is used for drinking after slow sand filtration, and chlorination is not performed at filtration sta-tions. In most rural areas, there is no pre-treatment facility for water purifica-tion. All this deficiency is due to microbial contami-

Sources Contamination: Microbiological Contaminants:

nation and poor water qual-

In Pakistan, microbial pollution has been discov-ered as one of the serious problems in rural as well as urban areas. This is due to the leakage of pipe, pollu-tion from sewage lines intrusion into drinking water supplies, and so forth

Chemical Contaminants Chemical pollutants that come from industries, soil sediments and agricultural

runoff, i.e. pesticides and fertilizers, enter water sources. In Pakistan, the use of fertilizers and pesti-cides is around 5.6 million tons and 70,000 tons respectively according to gross profit (GOP) figures. These chemicals, usual-

ly insecticides, leach into groundwater by mixing with irrigation water and rainwater. Between 1988 and 2000, about 107 samples were taken from groundwater, and 31 samples showed clear pesticide contamination above the limits set by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) and WHO. Another significant problem for groundwater in Pakistan is higher salt concentration, which is mainly caused by irrigation activities, salt dissolution in soil, seawater intrusion and chemical industries. Salinity affects major areas of Balochistan, PK and Punjab.

Wastewater from industries and households has high levels of arsenic, By Aryal khan panizai

becoming a serious prob-lem. In the major cities of Sindh and Punjab, about 16% of people were exposed to more than 50 ppm of arsenic. Fluoride concentrations above the permissible limit cause problems in the main regions of Balochistan. Punjab and Sindh. Dental

fluorosis is common in Sindh, Punjab and KPk Floods Cause Major Damage to Drainage System;In Pakistan, floods have created serious environmental problems. They damage pipes and eventually cause sewage to overflow into water bodies Severe flooding destroyed buildings and crops. All these substances can cause toxic chemicals and oils to be discharged into rivers, streams, lakes... and can lead to the death of aquatic organisms. Many chemical pollutants enter floodwaters in their path. Current severe floods (2010) and heavy rains have damaged 80% of Nowshera, destroying 40% of infrastructure. The total number of houses destroyed and damaged Human Health Impact;

Due to the poor sanita-tion system, treatment, and monitoring, drinking water quality deteriorates. The presence of toxic chemicals and bacteria in drinking water causes adverse effect on human health. Due to the fecal contamination, people have been suffering from waterborne

Our disastrous year

After the spring investigations comes the darkness of vendettas. We diagnosed an illness but they treated us instead of the sick-ness. If you don't plough the field regularly, the weeds will come back. Politicians must fill this role, not the magistrates". This was the lament of a Milan magistrate Antonio Di Pietro, who spearheaded Mani Pulite or Clean Hands, an anti-corruption campaign. Mani Pulite uncov-

ered a massive web of corruption and criminal patronage in Italy that, for decades, had become a tacit code binding politics and busi-nesses. The fact that lay unveiled was that the ruling class had no moral bindings and regard for the to their accumulation of personal wealth and power.

Over 3,000 politicians and business leaders were found to be involved in institutionalized payoffs during decades of powersharing. More than half the Italian parliament was indicted and over 400 town and city councils were dissolved on corruption charges. The value of bribes, estimated in euros. paid by local and foreign companies annually in the 1980s stood at a whopping 3.4 bil-

nessmen, and Vatican bank offi-Italian

Toto Riina, Mafia) boss of boss-es, said: "We must declare war on the state so as to make peace afterwards" In a ruthless defiance of state authority, Giovanni Falcone Borsellino, courageous magis-trates supporting Di Pietro's campaign, perished in separate

Politicians, busi-

cials were arrested, many resigned and some even commit-ted suicide. In 1994, Bettino Craxi, head of the Italian Socialist Party and the then prime minister, was sentenced to eight years in prison. In 1994, he fled to Tunisia to avoid the sentence. He died six years later and was buried there. His self-saving exile caused the fragmentation of the all-powerful Socialist Party. In 1992, with Mani

Cosa (Sicilian Paolo two bomb attacks, the latter in a car rigged kgs Semtex. The scale of exposed corruption retaliatory killings had the dubbing Italians as Annus Horribilis - Latin for 'a disastrous year'.

The purge of Italian politics merited concrete measures so as to avoid a governance vacuum. However, the compromised system of the status quo pre-vailed. Di Pietro was investigated for allegations of miscon-duct and had to resign whereas cru-cial political, judi-cial and institutional reforms were never carried out. As a result, despite allegations of massive fraud and bribery, the year 1994 saw Silvio Berlusconi elected to the prime Bettino Craxi was ousted from office on charges of corruption; Berlusconi, his protege, now occupied it.

A wiretap revealed Mafia boss Leoluca Bagarella warning that "in future we cannot allow politicians to turn their back on us again" Another revealed conversation saw Mafia's Giuseppe Guttadauro demandformer

"Berulusconi to solve our problems in order to solve his own' Berlusconi's party, Forza Italia, was created and maneuvered into power to pro-vide relief to the There are instances Mafia and its politi-cal cohorts. Marcello

Dell'Utri, a close Berlusconi and co-founder of Forza Italia, approached the Mafia seeking their cooperation. He pledged that the govundoubtedly, ernment would roll back laws targeting ignoble the Mafia, ease prison conditions for their convicted memabdominal bers and review their sentences. This infamous pact, finalized in 1994, was dubbed

La Trattativa or the State-Mafia Pact. In April 2018, a bunkered Palermo our Annus Horribilis court headed by Judge Alferdo and the machinations that brought it about Montalto, convicted its single redeeming eight people, includfactor is that it thorstate officials oughly exposed a Mafia members, power elite that had calling it the "murkialways held est chapter in Italian history". Dell'Utri was sentenced to 12 hostage claimed touch. It did wonders for none but itself. History shall bear years in prison for undermining state, as were two retired Carabinieri witness to this fact and that everything generale Mario Mori else they did and touched just shriv-eled and withered and Giuseppe De Donno along with Antonio Subranni, a

By Mir Adnan Aziz

colonel. Antonio Di Matteo, prosecutor of the case, still faces death threats from the mafia and its affiliates and lives under strict protection.

in history, some recent, some from long ago that give one a surreal sense of deja vu. Ever mired in a constant battle of survival, we have regressed constantly. This year, has been our very own Annus Horribîlis. An record indeed, it witnessed alacrity and speed with which the ruling cabal brought about an unprecedented downslide in all facets of our lives.

As we bid adieu to to Midas content and have received no spe-cialized English tuitions Bureaucratic varsities

Lessons in school reforms

akistan has struggled maintain kind of stan-dard at both government and private schools across the coun-try. While private schools often claim to offer the

best education and learning in English to their stu-dents, they are not always successful The kind of education

that many children receive is based on rote that many learning and cramming -similar to how they would learn at most government schools. The only difference is that parents pay exorbitant fees for their children's education at private schools. Only high-tier elite schools – which charge high fees and are accessible to only a tiny minority - can claim to offer education which

matches standards. international According to the available surveys, a majority of Grade-5 children at both government and private schools are unable to write a complete sentence in either English or Urdu. The conflict of the languages adds to the prob-lem. At English-medium schools, children are taught in English and barely understand the they have been taught. When the same content is provided to them in Urdu, their eyes light up. Children who have never been exposed to English at their homes

at their schools begin to understand the concepts. It is unclear why the

country has not chosen to follow models from other countries where children are first taught in their mother tongue so they can understand the content, and then in later grades, they are taught English as a skill they will need for employment opportunities.

opportunities.
In our country, the situation is dismal. In Punjab, the education authorities have neglected Punjabi, this has added to the problem. Punjab is the only province which does not offer primary level. not offer primary-level education in the native tongue of most children, often leaving them blank in the class, unable to comprehend what they are learning. The only option for them is to cram what is put before them to pass the exam. Pakistan does not need

just major education reforms. The Single reforms. National National Curriculum (SNC) offered by the PTI government solved no problems and, in some way, added more to them, further emphasizing cramming and taking away from a child's intellectual ability to develop skills. This is a deeply rooted problem and should be solved if the country is to progress and grow in any direction.

So, how do we go about it? One method would be to study the example of Vietnam, a desperately poor country in the 1990s, whose per

By Kamila Hyat

capita income has now grown massively; the Vietnamese government thinks it can grow further if education is massively reformed through the reteaching of teachers and other methods. Such strategies help education become child-centred, based on the capacity of children to learn and then acquire places in univer-sities and gain jobs. In Vietnam, the empha-

sis is not only on STEM (science, technology, engineering and math) subjects but also on development of other skills. These reforms have been massive, and in some schools, classes were shut down for some days to allow teachers to be trained in the new method required for

The same happened in Japan, and since the 1990s, the Japanese committee responsible for education has recognized that cram learning is not helpful. Japan adopted and introduced an approach centred on child-based learning and the individual ability of children at schools one by one. This initially resulted in a steep fall in education standards as measured through global academic benchmarks. But Japan has since then caught up and retained its policy of training children not to cram, not to depend entirely on teachers, and to further their skills through their own initiatives and learn through these rules.

By Dr Faizan Nagyi

Mad, bad and dangerous to know phobia, they seldom think the country's institutions the more intolerant peo-

When Lady Caroline Lamb described Lord Byron - one of the great-est English poets - as 'mad, bad, and dangerous to know", she was of course sharing her personal impressions

This expression comes to mind when you look at today's Pakistan and find an entire breed of people who seem to be 'mad, bad, and dangerous to know'. For ease of con-versation, let's call them MBD here. There are multiple factors that have contributed to the emer-gence of this phenomenon among some Pakistanis living at home made plenty of observers seem clueless about what shape this anomaly would take next. They let rip at the slightest provocation - or even without it. Mostly they are instigated by their leaders who are equally clueless and ready to let rip. What they did in Madina on April 28 is just one example of their uncontrollable behaviour that they have

become prone to display. MBD is not a new phesuch cases both nationally and internationally. The trick of their leaders is to make such behaviour appear perfectly normal Some commentators have made comparisons with fascist and Nazi tenden-cies in Italy and Germany in the first half of the 20th century. We may also recall the Altaf-Hussain times in Karachi, when he unleashed a reign of terror on all who dis-agreed with him or dared to raise a voice of dissent.

The prime span of fas-cism and Nazism was

nearly 25 years, after which their steam was snuffed out. Nearly all followers of these ideologies were mad, bad, and dangerous to know. They wreaked havoc within their homelands and on their own people, and they would have contin-ued with their destructive behaviour for decades to come. Even after an end to their violent extremism, their remnants are still around and reemerge here and there with their fossilized thinking pat-terns and a potential to erupt any moment. Specific to Pakistan,

this intolerance was pio-neered by the state itself. A curious and dispassionate reading of history makes facts clear, which Pakistan Studies text-books tend to hide Though it will be a slight exaggeration to blame everything on the state, there is ample evidence that state policies and practices cultivate – to a great extent – ideas of self-righteousness and narcissism among com-mon citizens, through education and propaganda. The state loves to nur-ture birds that fly blind, and this flight leads them to mostly wrong destinations. Authoritarianism or pluralism, democracy or dictatorship, humility or hubris, prejudice or toler-ance - all are there to crush or groom. The state makes most decisions about where to lead the nation. There are bursts of affection for certain

personalities that develop personality cults Does this have any-thing to do with dogmas, religiosity and sectarian-ism? Of course. The more dogmas are propagated,

tend to become Dogma means a blind faith in unquestionable ideologies and personali-ties. If there is one ideology you can't question, there will soon be more of the same ilk. When you revere a personality at the cost of a more balanced assessment of personal traits, there are greater chances of more leaders emerging with the same claims of infallibility. It becomes a kind of a crusade for their followers to defend their leader at all costs, no matter how destructive or dumb that

person may be. The question is: why does a state nurture or tolerate such mad, bad, and dangerous behaviour? Perhaps the answer lies in understanding the nature of the state itself. In coun-tries such as Pakistan there is always a cosseted elite embedded in the state itself. This elite comes from diverse sections of society: bureaucrats, capitalists, feudal lords, generals, industri-alists, judges, and many more. If they are not from the existing elite, the state co-opts them for its own and their benefit. They are mostly complacent in their own attitudes and want to keep the people engaged in one preoccupation or the other.

and dangerous behaviour thrives. There are segments of society that pose a lingering threat to the constitution, democracy, financial stability, and overall health of society but the elite in power does not consider them a threat to itself.Amid this chaos emerge authoritari-an personalities who may be from civilian or military backgrounds. They offer precise solutions to These elites are safe in their own guarded com-pounds and their wellimprecise challenges. Such leaders master the art of grabbing people's attention without disabusdefended capital - or they think so. The country caring them of their false notions. People tend to overlook their leaders ries on its downward spiral from which it always struggles to emerge When people are exposed abusiye language, their to excessive chauvinism. acerbic tongues with brimstone rhetoric. Once ideological and narcissis tic overdoses, religiosity sectarianism, and xenothese leaders come to power, they try to stack

with pliant people. They bully political opponents, criticize media outlets about their real problems such as illiteracy, unem-ployment, lack of public healthcare, and shortage of power and water. The that refuse to support the great leader, and curb freedoms of assembly elite that composes the state itself, is unaffected by these problems and and expression. They develop a mad, bad, and dangerous fol-lowing that targets even a sits comfortably while the people are fed with peronality cults and chant slogans against purported enemies. Gradually, malign forces in society take a deep hold of the people who fail to under-

stand the real conspira-cies within - while believing in imaginary

conspiracies from outer

lands. It may be Afghanistan, America, India, or even Iran, hatch-

ing sinister plans against Pakistan while our own

elite is safe and sound; bunging up nearly all sec-

tors of society from edu-cation to health to power to security and water and

sanitation, and what not. That's how the mad, bad,

flicker of resistance. Such people are irrelevant in the broader scheme of things both nationally and internationally but assume an air of importance as if the whole world is conspiring against them. They struggle to become relevant, and while delegant to the and while doing so they inflict even more harm to their country internally and to its standing exter-nally. Their system of thinking is premised upon a desire to dominate; this desire underpins nearly all their acts, including violence. They try to sound impressive but lack substance. Then what substance. Then what should the state do? An immediate solution is legal proceedings against them. But, unless there is a realization that we need to democratize our socie-ty as a whole through education and economic opportunities, there is hardly anything that can control this mad, bad, and dangerous to know lot. Democratization does not mean just holding elec-tions, and modernization is not just reflected in constructing bridges and buildings. What is needed is a democratic outlook that is opposed to authoritarianism; and a modern education that is not chauvinistic, conserva-tive and sectarian. The

state needs to initiate and

promote a culture of dia-logue in education.

ublicsector universities are the only hope

those from the middle class for a better future in Pakistan. However, across Pakistan, varsities are facing financial cuts and their autonomy is continuously impeded by predatory governments.

University Karachi, one the biggest and oldest varsities, is worst affected. Catering to 40,000 students and more than 50 disciplines this once-topnotch university is going through a brain drain. Unending delays in the process of hiring and promoting faculty members take six to eight years to complete while other universities in Sindh take between six months and a year to do the same.

Underfunding, lack of accountability and disregard of standards bureaucratic allow delays, frustrating KU faculty that now stands at the brink of disorder. Faculty with over 25 years of service are retiring as assistant professors.

Attempts were made to reform governance and the Sindh Universities Amendment 2018 simplified the process of recruitment

Karachi University following same procecontinues without policy reforms. Over 400 members faculty applied for the next cadre in 2019, scores have retired and hundreds will superannuate in next five years but are denied the right

to present their case to the Selection Board. Recently Dr Zafar Igbal of Environmental Sciences retired after 25 years of service as assistant professor despite a court order to hold his Board Similarly, Dr Ameer Ahsan of Pharmacy is to retire in October after serving Baqai, Ziauddin and lastly Karachi University while waiting for a Board.

Universities only need to follow the University Act that requires three experts with eight board members to select a suitable candidate. Karachi Instead University allows deans, chairpersons, foreign expert reports and secretary boards and universities to further the red-tape in the process.

The University of Karachi needs an overhaul of the existing bureaucratic mindset and to get rid of the assumption that redtape is a substitute for tandards Discrimination against varsities and within a varsity must end by

dures of hiring. As reported in this paper recently, KU faculty members have extended their protest from demonstrations to a hunger strike onto death. This escalation not only highlights the sense of frustration amongst the faculty but also shows the blatant disregard for faculty by the KU administration and the Sindh government. protesting faculty say this is the time for policy reforms that abolish the hindrances and speed up the already delayed processes. Varsities should be a

benchmark for academic standards, hubs of knowledge, and arenas for debate and disagreement with a sense that changing the world is possible. Instead, the varsity bureaucracy has abandoned research and replaced it with a business sense where research culture is shamelessly pressed and denied official support and the only function of the administration is to ensure salaries.

When teachers turn to hunger strikes to press for their demands, society at large must acknowledge its disbelief at the state of affairs of what should have been a centre of excellence



3/20 P2 (1) P2 P

Cooper Contraction

كى داشمنداندا وولولانگيز قياد مير صوبائي حکومت كي

وزیراعلی بلوچشان میرعبدالقدوس بزنجو کی زیر قیادت صوبائی حکومت نے ایک سال کی قلیل مدت میں کامیابیوں کے ٹی ایک سنگ میل عبور کئے ہیں صوبائی حکومت نےصوبائی تر قیانی پروکرام کووسعت دیتے ہوئے اسےصوبے کےطول وعرض میں پھیلایا ہےصوبائی حکومت عوامی فلاح و بہبوداور تر تی اورخوشحال کےوژن کوفروغ دیتے ہوئےعوام اورصوبے کےوسیع تر مفاد میں فیصلے کئے ہیںصو بائی حکومت نے تعلیم ہصحت اورروز گارسمیت تمام شعبوں کی ترقی کیلئے خاطرخواہ اقدامات کئے ہیںان اقدامات کامقصدعوام کامعیار زند کی بلند کرناہے عکومت کی روزاول ہے بہی کوشش رہی ہے کہ ہر سطح یرصوبےاوراس کےعوام کےمفادکومقدم رکھا جائے وزیراعلیٰ بلوچتان کےوژن کےمطابق صوبہتر فی کی منزل پرگا مزن ہےاورصوبے میں امن وامان اور کورننس میں خاطرخواہ بہتری آئی ہےصو بائی حکومت اہم معاملات میں تمام سٹیک ہولڈر سے مشاورت کررہی ہےاورسارے اہم نوعیت کے نیعلے باہمی افہام وٹھبیم سے گئے جاتے ہیں حکومت نے گذشتہ ایک سالہ کار کر د کی میں ایسے اقد امات کئے ہیں جن کی نظیر ماضی میں نہیں ملتی۔

ریکوڈک مائنگ منصوبہ صوبائی حکومت کی 🌣 صوبے میں سیای ہم آ بنگی اورا فہام منظوری۔

اورسائلین کی آسان رسائی۔ منظوری کیلئے تیز رفتار فائل ورک۔

🤝 صوبے میں پہلی مرتبہ میرٹ اور شفافیت کو یقینی بنانے کیلئے ای بڈنگ کا



فیکسوں،رائیلٹی اورسیالیں آ رکا تحفظ۔

گڈ گورننس

عزت نفس اوراحتر ام كايقيني بنانا

ادارول میں اعتاد کی بھالی۔

تخواہوں کی ادائیگی۔

كابات چيت كے ذريع حل_

اور قانون نافذ كرنے والے

🖈 محکمہ مواصلات و لغمیرات کے

361ملاز مین کودوبارہ بحالی کے تقررناہے۔

🖈 کی ڈی اے کے کنٹریکٹ ملازمین کو

الم ورشيس ملنه والحاحقياجي وهرنول

بلوچستان کابینه کی اتفاق رائے سے

حکومت بلوچتان کومعاہدے سے

یکوڈک منصوبے کے معاہدے کی منظوری۔

مجموعی طور پر 38 فیصد سے زائد مالی فوائد

الم معاہدے میں بلوچتان کے تمام

اللہ منصوبے سے روزگار کے 8 ہزار اک فوج کے تعاون سے یاک مواقع دستیاب ہوں گے۔ ایران سرحدی علاقول میں بارڈر ٹریڈک اريكوؤكم مصوبي ير8ارب والركي ملک کی تاریخ کی سب سے بوی سرمایہ ایک ایران مرصد کے چھ مزید

مقامات برٹریڈ یوائنش کا قیام۔ ابغیر کس مایہ کاری کے کامیابی ہے الله مرحدي علاقول كے عوام كو تجارتي حکومت بلوچتان کا ریکوڈک منصوبے میں سہولتوں کی فراہمی میں اضافہ۔

🖈 كوئشة قياتي پيلج رغملدرآ مد-

🖈 بلوچستان عوامی انڈ وومنٹ فنڈ میں

😭 بلوچشان کے سمندری حدود میں غیر



وزياللي فوچنتان ميرميدالقدوس بزنجو بلوچنتان كوخل و هيشت اقدرتي كرد وي گودنگ باوي كاجان كي صدارت كرر بي چي 2022، 04، 18 تا نونی ٹرالنگ کامکمل سد باب۔

مزید دو ارب روپے کے اضافے کی منظوری۔ فنڈ کی سیڈمنی میں اضافے کا لا قومی شاہراہوں پر غیر ضروری چیک مقصد مستحق مریضوں کے علاج و معالجہ کے الم چیکنگ کے عمل کے دوران عوام کی پروگرام کومز بدمتھکم کرنا ہے۔ 🖈 وزیراعلی بلوچستان کے وژن کے مطابق صوبے میں اعلی تعلیم کے فروغ کیلئے اقدامات كالشلسل جارى _ الله وزیراعلی کی صوبے کی نوجوان وکلاء

کی بیرون مما لک اعلی تعلیم کے انڈ وومنٹ فنڈ میں اضافے کی منظوری۔

انڈ وومنٹ فنڈ میں کے انڈ وومنٹ فنڈ میں

300 ملين رويے كاضافے كى منظورى _ البوچتان صحت کارڈ کے اجراء کی

الله اور ليويز كوعفر حاضر كے تقاضوں سے ہم آبنگ بنانے کیلئے

کیرتھر کینال ہے صوبے کواس کے

پورے حصے کے پانی کی فراہمی۔

وزيراعلى بلوچستان

قلبل مدت میں اہم کامیابیاں

جانب سے اراکین صوبائی اسمبلی کیلئے و تفہیم کی فضاء کافروغ۔ الك خاندانوں كو ملك برك ریکوؤک معاہدے پر ان کیمرہ بریفنگ کا 🌣 وزیراعلی سیکرٹریٹ تک عام لوگوں مپتالوں میں دس لا کھروپے تک مفت علاج 🖈 بلوچستان میں ایگریکگیرل الرانسفارميش يلان يرعملدرآ مدكا آغاز

وس کروڑرو یے کے فنڈ زکی منظوری۔ 🖒 زرعی پیداوار میں اضافے کیلئے اہم صوبائی امور کی وزیراعلیٰ سے کسانوں کومصدقہ بیجوں کی فراہمی اور زرعی شعبے میں ریسرچ سمیت دیگرا قدامات۔ 🖈 دو ارب رویے کی ابتدائی لاگت

ہے بلوچتان سکل ڈویلیمنٹ فنڈ کا قیام۔ الکے بہترین کیکنیکل ٹرینگ کے 🖈 بلوچتان کے غریب عوام کے اداروں میں باوچتان کے غیرتر بیت یافتہ نوجوانوں کی تربیت کا اہتمام۔ 🖈 نوجوانو ل کواہلیت اور میرٹ کی بنیاد

پر روز گار کی فراہمی کیلئے شفاف بنیادوں پر المختلف صوبائی محکموں میں ہزاروں 🖈

الله صوبے کے کسانوں کو کسان کارڈ کا

اجراءاور کسانوں کی رجنڑیشن کیلئے مطلوبہ

خالی اسامیاں مشتہر۔ الموجتان بلك سروس كميش كيلئ

استمنٹ تمشنر، سیکشن آفیسر، ڈی ایس بی، تحصیلدار، نائب تحصیلدار اوری ٹی ڈی کی ہزاروں آسامیوں پر بھرتی کے عمل کا آغاز۔ الموبل يارثغر شب منصوب

الم صوب میں ہیلتہ کارڈ کے اجراء کیلئے 5.55 ارب روية مختص الم ہیلتھ کارڈ کے اجراء سے صوبے کے

18 لا كھے زائدافرادمستفيد ہوں گے۔ 🖒 بولان میڈیکل کمپلیس اور سول

تنخوا ہوں کے فنڈ ز کے فوری اجراء کا علان۔

المازمتول مين افراد بابهم معذوري

اللہ مرائی زار لے کے متاثرین کی مالی

🖈 صوبائی سلیکشن فورؤ کی سفارشات پر

🖈 سپیشل سپورٹ پروگرام کے ذریعہ

مستحق طلباء اور غریب مریضوں کی مالی

الم آرآئی ایم آرآئی

مشین کی تنصیب کیلئے25 کروڑ روپے کے

الم النقك ك نظام كى بہترى كيلئے

ٹریفک انجینئر نگ ہیورو کے قیام کامنصوبہ۔

الم صوب عمر میں 802 واٹر فلٹریشن

🖈 سرکلرروژیار کنگ پلازه کی فعالی۔

🖈 كوئية تفتان روۋېرزائرين كوسهوليات

ی فراہمی کیلئے سروس ایریاز کی تغییر کی

اضران کی برونت ترتی۔

فنڈ ز کا اجراء۔

مِخْضُ كُوٹْ مِين اضافے كا علان۔

وزیراعلی بلوچشان میرعبدالقدوس بر نجوے بیرک گولد مینی کے ای اوسٹر مارک بریسٹو ملاقات کررہے ہیں۔2020 ا میتال کوئٹ میں ای<mark>م آرآئی ،ٹی سکین اور انجو</mark> کے 14 سواسا تذہ کی مستقلی۔ گرافی سمیت دیگرطبی آلات خریداری کیلئے 🖈 محکمہ صحت کے 179 میل اساف 3اروپيکاا جراء۔ زسول کے کنٹریکٹ میں توسیع۔ 🖈 پرائمری میلته کیئر نظام کی مضبوطی 🖈 صوبے کی تاریخ میں پہلی مرتبہ ای كيليّ ابتدائي طورير5. 1 ارب روپ كى سيد ٹینڈرنگ اورای بڈنگ کا آغاز۔ منی ہے پرائمری ہیلتھ کیئر فنڈ کا قیام۔ 🖈 محکمہ واسا کوواجبات کی ادائیگی کیلئے 🖈 ادویات کی خریداری کیلئے 401ملین رویے کے فنڈ ز کا اجراء۔ 🖈 مشتر که مفاوات کونسل میں بہتر انداز 6.6اربروپيځنق-

🕸 محکمہ صحت کے 179 میل شاف ہے بلوچستان کے حقوق کا تحفظ۔ 🖈 صوبے میں امن وامان کو برقرار زہز کے کنٹریکٹ میں توسیع۔

🖈 نونقمبر شده ٹراما سینٹر خضدار کیلئے رکھنے کیلئے بیشنل ایکشن پلان پرعملدرآ مدمین اساميون اور بجث كي منظوري_

🖈 صوبے جر کے تمام ڈی ایج کیوز کی بحالی اورانہیں سمسی توانائی پر لانے کے

🖈 ٹرشری ہیلتھ کیئر اداروں کوضروری طبی آلات کی فراہمی۔

🖈 محکمہ صحت میں 150 ائے ڈاکٹروں اور پیرامیڈ کس اسامیوں کی تخلیق۔ اللہ کے ہیلتھ کے ہیلتھ

يرفيشنل الاؤنس اور بهيلته رسك الاؤنس مين 100 فيصداضافه

🖈 شخ زيد جيتال كوئه مين تعينات

🖈 لوكل كونسلز كى تخوابول اور غير الواكثرون كيليخاضافي مراعات.

🖈 كسانول كومصدقه بيجول كي فراجمي -

كيليخ كھادىرسىيىدى_

در براعلی بلوچتان میرعبدالقدوس بز نجو10 و پر نیشتل ورکشاپ بلوچتان کی اختتا می تقریب کے شرکاء سے خطاب کررہے ہیں 2022-12-17 الله کسانوں کو رعایتی زخوں پر گرین 🖈 برن يون كيلية 4 7 وملين كي ٹریکٹروں کی فراہمی۔ گرانث ان ایدُ سول میتال کوئنه میں برن 🖈 پنجگور میں زرعی کالج کا قیام۔

🖈 بلوچتان زرعی یونیورسٹی کی مضبوطی 🖈 سول هپتال کوئٹه میں 20 بستر وں يرمشمل واردُّ اور 5 بستر ول يرمشمل آ كَي عي يو 🖈 482 نئي اساميوں کي تخليق -برن یونٹ کا قیام۔ انڈس واٹر نظام کے ذریعے صوبے کو اس کے حصے کے پانی کی فراہمی کویقینی بنانا۔ صوبے میں نے سکولوں کالجوں اور فشنگ اینڈ ٹرالنگ: یونیورسٹیوں کے ذیلی کیمپسر کا قیام العرقانوني رُالنگ كاخاتمه 🖈 🖈 تربت اوركوئد مين گراز كيدْث كالجزكا

ا آبی حیات کے تحفظ کیلئے موثر المعات كو 5. 2ارب روي كى 🖈 ماہی گیروں کے روز گار کا تحفظ۔ گرانث ان ایڈ کا اجراء۔ الله فشريز فورس كى فارميشن كيليّ قانون 🖈 بلوچتان يونيورشي کيلئے 30 كروڑ

صوبائی کابینہ کے پندرہ اجلاس

اکتابینہ کے 15 اجلاس میں 400سے زائد اہم

ایڈوائزری کونسل کا پہلا اجلاس

🖈 بلوچستان بورة اف انویسٹمنٹ اینڈٹرید کا جلاس۔

روپے کا بیل آؤٹ پیچ

فیصلوں کی منظوری۔

☆ یی یی یی بورڈ کا اجلاس۔

🖈 گوادرڈ ویلیمنٹ اتھارٹی کااجلاس۔

🖈 گوئٹےڈ ویلیمنٹ اتھارٹی کااجلاس۔

🕁 پراوشل ڈیز اسٹرمینجمنٹ کا اجلاس۔

ابتدائی فنڈ سے

عيست بك ايند كوالتي ايجويش بل

الوچتان كنوجوانون كوتيكنيكي تعليم

کی فراہمی کیلئے ٹی ٹیوٹا کو500ملین رویے کا

🖈 کوئٹ میں ٹیکنیکل یو نیورٹی کے قیام کا

الكوبل يارثغر شب فار اليجوكيشن الم

بلوچتان ایجیکشن براجیک کے

العليم ك شعب مين نئي اساميوں كى

ا کابینہ کی منظوری سے کنٹریکٹ کی

ي يي يي موذيرار كيول كيلية آن لائن

ہوم سکوانگ سٹم کے یائک پراجیک کا

الك ارب روك كى لاكت سے

بلوچتان کے طلباء وطالبات کیلئے لیپ ٹاپ

🖈 بلوچتان کے چھ ڈویژنل ہیڈ

کوارٹروں میں پی پی لیموڈ کے تحت مڈل اور

بائی سکول کے طلباء کوٹرانسپورٹ کی سہولت کی

المانون كوكسان كارد كاجراء 🖈

الله علاب سے متاثرہ کسانوں کیلئے

اللب مناثره كسانون كوگندم كى

بیجول پر2.2 ارب رویے کی سبسڈی۔

الله المال كارى الالتكال كارى الالتكاري المالة التكاري

السانون كوربيج اورخريف كي فصلون المحاربين المح

🖈 غيرفعال سكولوں كى فعالى۔

بنیاد پراسا تذہ کی تعیناتی۔

کی خریداری کی منظوری

فراہمی کا پائلٹ منصوبہ۔

13.5 ارب كى سبىدى -

منظوری۔

🖈 انٹرن اساتذہ کی بھرتی۔

1493اسا تذه کی مستقلی۔

2018 كى منظورى_

بلوچىتان كل ۋويلېنىڭ فنڈ كا قيام _

انتقالات اورفردات كى ۋىخىيلا ئزيشن_

🖈 نیشنل ایکشن بلان کی ایپکس نمیٹی کا اجلاس۔

رویے کی گرانٹ ان ایڈ 🌣 بلوچتان مائی کورٹ بارایسوی ایشن لائبرىرى كيليّ 2.5ملين رويه كى فراہمى

⇒ بارڈرمارکیٹوں کا قیام۔

كيلية سروس الريا كاقيام -

وكلاء كى فلاح وبهبود:

فنڈ کی منظوری۔

🛠 🔻 کوئٹے تفتان روڈ پر زائزین کی سہولت

🕸 غیرضروری چیک پوسٹوں کا خاتمہ۔

🖈 وكلاء كيلية 250 ملين رويے ويلفئير

🖈 کوئٹہ تربت اور سبی کی بار ایسوی

ایشنز کیلئے 50 پچاس لا کھ روپے کی گرانٹ

🖈 بلوچتان بار کونسل ، پاکستان بار

🖈 سى،تلى20 كلوميٹرروڈ كى تقبير۔ كأسل اورضلعي باركوسلز كيلئة ايك ايك ملين 🖈 كوبلو،ركنى80 كلوميٹرروڈ كى تقمير_ 🖈 🕬 🖒 🖒 🖒 🖒 🖒 کیمپس کا قیام۔

اضافی فنڈ ز کی فراہمی۔

804 اساميول پر بحر شول کي منظوري۔

361ملاز مین کی بحالی۔

ڈی میں اسامیوں کی مخلیق۔

يي انتجاى-

یلانٹ کی فعالی۔

🕁 محکمہ مواصلات و تغییرات کے

🖈 تحصیلدار، نائب تحصیلداراوری کی

🖈 🛮 محكمه زراعت ميں 600اساميوں

🖈 لی انکی ای کے زیر انظام ٹیوب

🖈 صوبے کھر میں 802 واٹر فلٹریشن

🖈 🏻 ڈیرہ بگٹی میں پیر کوہ اور زین کوہ واٹر

سِلانی سکیموں کیلئے اضافی فنڈ زکی فراہمی۔

🖈 کوئٹے کے شہریوں کو صاف یانی کی

فراہمی کیلئے محکمہ واسا کو10 ارب رویے کے

زيارت مين قائداعظم كيدْث كالح كا

🖈 ناگ تا واشک روڈ کی تغمیر۔

سكيموں كى تشبى توا نائى يەنتقلى _

المجول کے جیل کی تعمیر۔

توانائی کی فراہمی۔

🖈 بلوچتان میں ٹاؤن واٹر سیلائی

🖈 ضلعی ہیڈ کوارٹر ہیتالون کوسٹسی

🚓 پروفیشنل گریجویش کیلئے حکومت

بلوچتان كاانٹرن شپ پروگرام_

انقالات كى ۋى كىيلائزيشن ۔

🖈 بلوچتان میں 10 فائر بریگیڈز

🖈 فراد باہم معذوری گیلئے کوئٹہ میں

الله على توازن كھو دينے والے افراد

ويلول كيلية ايك ارب روي كي فراجمي-

وز راعلی بلوچتان میرعبدالقدوس بزنجوصوبائی کابینه کے اجلاس کی صدارت کررہے ہیں۔7.12.2022

🖈 بلوچىتان كوشل ۋويلپېنٹ اقفار ٹى كى گورننگ باۋى كااجلاس ـ 🖈 بارڈرمینجمنٹ تمیٹی کااجلاس۔

فراجمي كيلية 3 ارب روية كا جراء

وزیراعلیٰ بلوچشان میرعبدالقدوس بر جوو زیراعلی سیکر ٹریٹ میں ایک فردیا ہم معذوری کامسئله من رہے ہیں 2022-1

کابینہ سے پرویژن ، کر کولم ، این فقدرتی آفات سے متاثرہ مای

ميشل ايكن پان برعملدرآ مديس

🖈 پولیس اور لیویز کو جدید خطوط پر

الله عوام اور قانون نافذ كرف وال

اداروں کے درمیان اعتمادی بحالی۔

کے مل کا آغاز۔

فوڈسیکورٹی

🖈 خواتین پولیس اسلیشنز کا قیام۔

🖈 سی ٹی ڈی بلوچتان میں بھر تیوں

الله کندم کی خریداری کیلئے

2.90 ارب روي بلاسود قرضه كي فراجمي-

🖈 مقامی کاشتکاروں سے

🖈 گندم کے ذخیروں کی بہترین دیکھ

بھال اور ڈلیوری کے نظام کوموثر بنانے کیلئے

7 5 ملین رویے کی لاگت سے کوئٹہ میں

الكاران، پاكافغان بارۇرے

ويجيثل سرويلنس مسلم كاآغاز

وابسة لوگول كےروز گاركا تتحفظ۔

りたんな

100.000 ميٹرک ٹروگندم کی خريداری۔

الأزز ايجوكيش اندوومنك فندهيس 🖈 مایی گیرول کو دو ہزار کشتی انجز کی 300ملين رويے كالضافيه 🖈 صوبائی لاءا فسران تعیناتی ترمیمی بل

2022 کی منظوری۔ سركاري ملازمين كيلئة ريليف أعد الدُماك ريليف الاونس ألم الدونس الدونس الدونس المراس الم اور بنیادی بیسکیل کی رویژن

المنشن مين 15 فيصداضافد ا کیرٹریٹ کے ملازمین کی ہاؤس ر يكوزيش مين 40 فيصداضا فه

🖈 محکمہ صحت کے بیرا میڈ کس اور دیگر تکنیکی اسٹاف کے آتی بی اے اور ایکی آ راے مين100 فيصداضافه

سلاب اورصوبائی حکومت کے اقدامات: 🖈 سلاب متاثرين امداد و بحالي كيلئے سپورس ميليس كا قيام۔ صوبانی حکومت کی جانب سے 8ارب رویے

الم متاثره علاقوں میں پی ڈی ایم اے

بروقت ریسکیو وامدادی اقدامات۔

سیسڈی۔

كيلية بحالي مركز كا قيام_ -17.16 قانون سازي 🌣 صوبائی اسمبلی سے ریکارڈ 29بلوں صلعی انتظامیداور یاک فون کے تعاون سے کی منظوری۔ الله علاب سے متاثرہ کسانوں کیلئے وزيراعل ، بلوچستان ميرعبدالقدوس بزنجو كي قيادت مين مخلوط صوبائي حكومت مالي مشكلات 🖈 متاثره سر کول، پلول اور دیگر سرکاری

کے باوجود بلوچتان کی دریا بنیادوں پرترقی وزيراعلى بلوچىتان ميرعبدالقدوس يز قبو بلوچىتان ليندر يكارة مينجنت انفارمينن سلم كانتتاح كررب بي ي 22.12.202

عوام کو بنیادی سہولیات کی فراہمی کے زراجیہ املاک کی بھالی۔ انکا معیار زندگی بہتر بنانے دیریا امن کے اساميون كى تخليق: اللہ محکمہ الیں اینڈ جی اے ڈی میں قیام اورصوبے کے وسائل پریہال عوام کا اسٹنٹ کمشنراورسیکشن آفیسر کی اسامیوں کی محق ملکیت منوانے کر ان وسائل کوعوام کی ترقی وخوشحالی کے لئے برؤے کارلانے کے

این اینڈ جی اے ڈی میں حوالے سے پوری طرح رعزم ہے

صوبائی بجٹ سالا نيرتر قياتي بجيث23-2022 كالجم اورمخلف شعبول كيليِّ فندُّ زكى فراجمي كالتناسب _

> تعليم كيليًا 15.61 فيصد 🖈 زرى ژانىغارمىش پلان كى توانائي2.17 فيصد

امن وامان8.7 فيصد سول ورکس11.28 فیصد

يياني اي اي اورواسا 5.2 فيصد زراعت وآبياشي6.6 فيصد ديگر41.03 فيصد

صحت كيليّه 10.13 فيصد ☆ صحت10.13 فيصد 15.61% 10.13%

8.07%

Govt to provide Rs250m to frontline polio workers affected of floods: Patel

ISLAMABAD: Minister for National Health Services, Abdul Qadir Patel has said that the government will provide an amount of 250 million rupees to frontline polio workers affected by the floods

During a meeting held at National Emergency Operations Centre (NEOC) on Monday, the minister handed over cheques for polio workers affected by the floods.

Abdul Qadir Patel gave cheques to the Coordinators of the Emergency Operations Centres (EOC) in Balochistan, Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa and Punjab.

In Sindh, the process has been completed by supporting frontline workers with financial assistance in 22 affected districts of the province.

Briefing the EOC staff, the minister said, "On this first working day of the year, I want to thank polio workers across the country for their services to the children of Pakistan and reiterate the government's commitment to ending transmission of polio in 2023."

The Pakistan Polio Programme conducted a comprehensive assessment of the damages that polio



ISLAMABAD: Chairman NDMA, Lieutenant General Inam Haider Malik presided a meeting on COVID-19 surveillance at Air Port.

PhD degrees issued by PU to five scholars after approval of thesis

LAHORE: The Punjab University on Monday awarded PhD degrees to five scholars in different subjects after

approval of thesis.

According to details, Nazish
Saleem D/o Muhammad Saleem was Saleem D/O Muhammad Saleem was awarded PhD degree in the subject of Chemistry after approval of her thesis entitled 'Effect of Vitamin D Supplementation on Glucose Metabolism in Non-Diabetic Obese Women', Muhammad Adnan Ashraf S/O Muhammad Ashraf in the subject of Polymer Technology after approval S/o Muhammad Ashrat in the subject of Polymer Technology after approval of his thesis entitled 'Synthesis and Characterization of Novel Polymeric Membranes for Dialysis Applications', Aneela Yasmeen D/o Malik Khuda Bakhsh Khichi in the subject of Molecular Biology after approval of her thesis entitled 'Cas9-medicated Gene Knock Down of Vacuolar Invertase (VIny) Gene Of medicated Gene Knock Down of Vacuolar Invertase (VInv) Gene Of Solanum Tuberosum to Reduce Tuber Sweetening During Long Term Storage', Zainab Irfan D/o Muhammad Irfan in the subject of Zoology after approval of her thesis entitled 'Black Carbon Concentrations at Inland Glacier Receding and its Impacts on Biodiversity Loss' and Zona Zaidi D/o Jamal Zaidi was awarded PhD degree in the subject of Zoology after approval of her thesis entitled 'Fish Assemblages of Mountainous Indus River Tributaries and its Association with Environmental Variables' INP Environmental Variables' INP

Two street criminals arrested

KARACHI: Pakistan Rangers Sindh and Police in a joint intelligence based operation arrested two affeged robbers from C-1 area, Liaqatabad

here on Monday.

According to spokesman for Rangers, the accused arrested, identified as Muhammad Hamza and Shahzaib, during initial interrogation confessed committing over 100 street crimes in different parts of the megalopolis. They were arrested with the help of CCTV footage in which they could be identified easily. The Rangers recovered two 30 bore pis-tols, 25 mobile phones and two snatched motorcycles from their pos-

Raids were being carried out to apprehend their other accomplices. The accused arrested were handed over to police for further legal proceedings INP

ECP announces polls on Faisal Vawda's vacant seat

ISLAMABAD: The Election Commission of Pakistan (ECP) on The Election Monday announced the schedule for polling on a seat vacated by former Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf (PTI) leader

Faisal Vawda in the Senate. According to the schedule issued by the ECP, election for the vacant seat in the upper house of Parliament will be held on January 25 in the Sindh Assembly building. Candidates can

January 5 to January 7.

Vawda was ousted from the PTI in October 2022 for controversial remarks against the party's long march due to which he resigned from his seat in the unper house of parliament. The in the upper house of parliament. The Supreme Court, however, had com-muted Vawda's disqualification over dual nationality from a life term to that five years INP

CM Punjab inaugurates new building of Punjab Assembly

LAHORE: Punjab Chief Minister Chaudhry Parvez Elahi on Monday inaugurated the new building of

Punjab Assembly in Lahore.

The new building is constructed keeping in view needs for the next 100 years. It has a capacity to accommodate 500 Members of Provincial Assembly (MPAs) with an overall space to accommodate 800 people. The structure comprises ayes and noestobby, having a capacity of 200 memlobby, having a capacity of 200 mem-bers in each INP

LG Polls Case: IHC accepts ECP's appeal for hearing

ISLAMABAD: The Islamabad High Court (IHC) has accepted intra-court appeals of the Election Commission of Pakistan (ECP) and the Federation with regard to the local government elections in the federal capital.

Headed by Chief Justice Aamer Farooq, a two-judge bench on Monday heard the ICAs against the decision of a single-member

the decision of a single-member bench of ordering the ECP to hold LG elections on December 31.

The ECP's counsel Mian Abdul Rauf argued that the institution had postponed the elections due to increase in the number of union councils, and that its notification of December 28 (2022) was never challenged. The ECP's director general law said the Commission announced its decision regarding the union councils on December 27 and the December 28 notification was based on it.

Mian Abdul Rauf said the two houses of the Parliament had approved the bill (regarding

increase in the number of UCs) The additional attorney general said even the notification dated December 19 was also not chal-

The chief justice remarked that the two sides were not coming towards the constitutional questions, and asked them to take time until the day after tomorrow for representation.

The court observed that the ECP was supposed to conduct elections on December 31 as the single-member bench had only voided the Commission's decision regarding polls. It further observed that the ECP had to give a new election schedule under the new law as well. The ECP's lawyer said the department would issue a new schedule if the elections were held in 101 UCs. The ECP's advo-cate prayed the court to suspend the decision of single member bench. The court asked the ECP's lawyer to tell an appropriate and practical way that whether INP

PML-N Punjab parliamentary party's meeting to be held in current week

LAHORE: The PML-N has directed all its members of the Punjab Assembly to reach Lahore in connection with the chief min-ister's vote of confidence and notrust motions against the speaker and his deputy.

Party sources said the PML-N Punjab parliamentary party's meeting would be held in the first week of January, chaired by its chief, Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif. In the meeting, the issues of Punjab Chief Minister Parvez Elahi's vote of confidence as well as the no-trust motions against the speaker and his deputy would be discussed.

The sources said PM Shehbaz would inform the party's lawmakers about the plan of action in the provincial assembly. They added that suggestions on the political situation would also be sought from the party's members of the provincial assembly. Though the Lahore High

Court's recent order has provided an opportunity to all sides to review their political agendas, the ongoing political turmoil seems to be far from over. Punjab's ruling parties, the PTI and PML-Q, wish to dissolve the assembly to force snap polls in the country.

In response, the ruling alliance at the Centre is simultaneously throwing a gauntlet to the rulers in Punjab to go ahead with its plan while carrying out all efforts to stop the assembly from being dissolved. The country, especially Punjab, has been embroiled in a political and constitutional crisis since November 26 when PTI chief Imran Khan announced at a public gathering that the Punjab and Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa INP

Israeli strike on Damascus airport kills four: Monitor

BEIRUT: The Israeli army carried out a missile strike on Damascus International Airport on Monday that killed four peo-ple, including two Syrian soldiers, according to a human rights mon-

This is the second time in less than seven months that the Damascus airport, has been hit by

The attack — which occurred around 2:00 am (2300 GMT) put the country's main airport out of service, according to Syria's state news agency SANA. Israel carried out the strike with

"barrages of missiles, targeting Damascus International Airport

surroundings", a military source told SANA, which reported that two Syrian soldiers were killed. But the Britain-based Syrian

Observatory for Human Rights which relies on a wide network of sources on the ground in Syria — said a total of four people had died

winter session.

in the early morning attack.
"Four fighters including two
Syrian soldiers were killed" by the
Israeli strike, Rami Abdul
Rahman, head of the Observatory.

The missiles also hit "positions for Hezbollah and pro-Iranian groups inside the airport and its surroundings, including a weapons warehouse", Abdul Rahman said.

Since civil war broke out in Syria in 2011, Israel has carried out hundreds of air strikes against its neighbour, targeting govern-ment troops as well as allied Iran-backed forces and fighters from Lebanon's Shiite militant group Hezbollah.

While Israel rarely comments on specific reports of its attacks, it has repeatedly said it will not allow Iran to gain a foothold in

The airport is in a region south of Damascus where Iran-backed groups, including Hezbollah, reg-ularly operate.INP

QUETTA: A man selling woods demand incasing after shortage of sui gas supply in

workers suffered this summer when unprecedented rains and flooding affected 33 million people. The financial support is for workers whose homes were either washed away in the floods or partially damaged. Nearly 12,500 polio health workers were affected by the floods, according to the programme's assessment. Abdul Qadir Patel said, "Polio workers, as always, have served Pakistan above and beyond their call of duty and we must ensure that affected families receive this assistance as soon as possible. The winters are upon us, and it is crucial to support them in rebuilding their homes."

Speaking on the occasion, NEOC Coordinator Dr. Shahzad Baig said, "Our first priority is always frontline workers. Despite suffering through the climate catastrophe, polio staff is at the forefront delivering essential healthcare through health camps. This reflects their exceptional commitment."

He added that polio workers being prioritized by the government as part of rehabilitation activities is very important to the programme and also for the motivation of workers on the frontline.

In total, Rs250 million will be given to frontline polio workers affected by the floods around the country, INP

Pakistan demands access to missing war soldiers in India

ISLAMABAD: Pakistan demanded Indian to grant it access to its soldiers went missing during 1965 and 1971 wars, diplomatic sources said on Monday. According to the sources, Pakistan has enlisted its demand along with the list of prisoners it exchanges

with India on the first day of every year.

Indian Charge d'Affaires in Islamabad has been informed of the Pakistani demand, the diplomatic sources said, adding Pakistan has also sought consular access to 56 Pakistani civilian prisoners.

On Sunday, Pakistan and India had exchanged lists

of nuclear installations and facilities in their countries and as well as lists of prisoners in each other's custody in pursuance of agreements signed between the two

The Foreign Office statement issued a statement in Islamabad stating. "The Agreement on Prohibition of Attacks against Nuclear Installations and Facilities between Pakistan and India was signed on 31st December 1988 and ratified on 27th January 1991. The Agreement, inter alia, provides that both countries shall inform each other of their nuclear installations and facilities, falling within its definition, on 1st January of each calendar year.

"Pursuant to the agreement, the list of nuclear installations and facilities in Pakistan was officially handed over 10 a representative of the Indian High

over to a representative of the Indian High Commission in Islamabad at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs today. Simultaneously, the Indian Ministry of External Affairs also handed over the list of India's nuclear installations and facilities to a representative of the Pakistan High Commission in New Delhi."

The FO also stated that Pakistan and India exchanged the lists of prisoners in each other's custody

through diplomatic channels.

The simultaneous exchange of lists took place in The simultaneous exchange of lists took place in pursuance of the Consular Access Agreement of 2008. Under the agreement, both countries are required to exchange the lists of prisoners in each other's custody on 1st January and 1st July, every year.

The Government of Pakistan shared with the Indian High Commission in Islamabad a list of 705 Indian prisoners detained in Pakistan, including 51 civilian prisoners and 654 fishermen.

The Indian Government also shared with the High Commission for Pakistan in New Delhi a list of 434 Pakistani prisoners in India, including 339 civilian prisoners and 95 fishermen.

Separately, Pakistan has requested for early release

prisoners and 95 fishermen.

Separately, Pakistan has requested for early release and repatriation of its 51 civilian prisoners and 94 fishermen, who have completed their respective sentence and their national status stands confirmed. Furthermore, a request for grant of consular access to missing defence personnel of 1965 and 1971 wars, and special consular access to 56 civil prisoners has also been made, the FO concluded. According to the sources, Pakistan has enlisted its demand along with the list of prisoners it exchanges with India on the first the list of prisoners it exchanges with India on the first

day of every year.

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On Sunday, Pakistan and India had exchanged lists of nuclear installations and facilities in their countries and as well as lists of prisoners in each other's custody in pursuance of agreements signed between the two

in pursuance of agreements signed between the two countries.INP

Flour shortage continues in Balochistan

QUETTA: Flour shortage continues in Balochistan, as the 20kg price of flour reached Rs 2,600 on Monday.

As per details, the prices of flour have sky-rocketed in Quetta and other parts of Balochistan while the commodity was not available in most shops across the province The 20kg flour bag is being sold for Rs 2,600 now, which was Rs 2,300 three days back in the

province: Flour shortage has also hit the Quetta utility hit the Quetta utility stores despite the govern-ment's subsidized flour scheme. The flour mills association said that 25 thousand bags are required for 18 flour mills daily in Quetta. They urged the government to arrange 9 to 10 lac four

bags on daily basis.
Earlier, a massive flour shortage hit the Quetta utility stores despite the government's subsidized flour scheme. 1-kilo bag of flour is sold at Rs130 which was previously available at Rs125 in the province. Whereas the 20 kg is sold for Rs 2500, the 50 kg bag is raised from Rs 6500 to Rs 6500. The

100 kg large bag now cost Rs 12000. The flour mills associa-tion said that the hike in prices is the result of inefficiencies of the govern-ment. If flour is not provided to flour mills then the situation will get worse.INP

Punjab govt to also acquire two helicopters on rent

LAHORE: Punjab Chief Minister Chaudhry Pervaiz Elahi on Monday has decided to acquire

two helicopters on rent.

It may be mentioned here the provincial government has already in process to acquire a plane on rent for which Rs120 million have been ear-

marked

After completion of the tendering process for the plane, work for acquiring two helicopters for three months will be set into motion. Sources said the Punjab

tions. government's present hel-The petitioner pleaded icopter needs mainte-nance for which funds worth over Rs20 million him in Karachi had been approved.

Officials said the new helicopters can also be used for police and rescue operations.INP

the PHI leader also urged the court for an immediate hearing of the plea, which was turned down by the SHC bench. It may be noted that on December 22, a district and sessions court in Islamabad issued a bailable arrest warrant for

The court issued a bailable arrest warrant upon PTI leader's absence and rejected his petition for exemption from personal appearance in the case KARACHI The Sindh High Court (SHC) Monday police from arresting

MWM decides not to support Pervaiz Elahi in trust vote

LAHORE: In an important development regarding the vote of confidence to the Punjab chief minister, Majlis Wahdat-e-Muslimeen (MWM) has decided not to vote for Chaudhry Pervaiz Elahi, it has been learnt on

According to the party sources, the MWM Political Council has taken the

The MWM spokesperson said that serious reservations had been expressed on some of the steps taken by the Punjab chief minister.

"MWM Member of Punjab Assembly Syeda Zahra Naqvi will not give the vote of confidence to Pervaiz Elahi," he said."The decision of not giving the vote of confidence to the Chief Minister of

Punjab has been taken in the light of the instructions of the party leadership," he added. In an important development regarding the vote of confidence to the Punjab chief minister, Majlis Wahdate-Muslimeen (MWM) has decided not to vote for Chaudhry Pervaiz Elahi, it has been learnt on Monday.

According to the party sources, the MWM Political Council has taken the decision after consultation.

The MWM spokesperson said that serious reservations had been expressed on some of the steps taken by the Punjab chief minister. Punjab has been taken in the light of the

chief minister. "MWM Member of Punjab Assembly

Syeda Zahra Naqvi will not give the vote of confidence to Pervaiz Elahi," he said INP



LAHORE: MPA Bilal Yaseen calls on Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif.

SHC stops police from arresting Shahbaz Gill in sedition case

KARACHI: The Sindh High Court (SHC) on Monday stopped police from arresting Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf (PTI) leader Shahbaz Gill in sedition case.

The court's directives were issued during a hearing on the plea filed by the PTI leader which sought to quash the cases registered against him in Karachi

During today's hear-ing, the petitioner's lawyer pleaded with the court to stop the police from arresting Gill in sedition case till the final decision on the ongoing

Gill submitted in the petition that police had registered three cases against him at the Brigade, Surjani Town and Rizvia police etc. and Rizvia police sta-

with the court to quash all cases registered against At which, the SHC

bench stopped police from arresting Shahbaz Gill and adjourned the hearing. The PTI leader also

able arrest warrant for Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf (PTI) leader Shahbaz Gill in the sedition case

stopped

Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf (PTI) leader Shahbaz Gill

in sedition case.

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tions.

The petitioner pleaded with the court to quash all cases registered against him in Karachi.

At which, the SHC bench stopped police from arresting Shahbaz Gill and adjourned the hearing The PTI leader also urged the court for an immediate hearing of the immediate hearing of the

plea, which was turned down by the SHC bench. It may be noted that on December 22, a district and sessions court in Islamabad issued INP

The Balochistan Institute of Nephro-Urology, Quetta, invites bids from eligible Bidders for supply of following iten TSE-222312208831 Class of Object 1 Procurement of Electrolytes Procurement Title: Purchase of Disposable, 500 PKR 2% Laboratory, Surgical Dressing, Surgical

TENDER NOTICE

Suture & Other Items Procurements shall be made under the Balochistan Public Procurement Rules - 2014. Eligibility of Bidders: Please refer to the Bidding Document for complete requirements. Procedure Of Procurement: Single Stage Two Envelope Bidding Procedure Bid Security: The bids must accompany Bid Security in the form of Deposit at Call of 2 % specified above in the name of the under-

signed from a scheduled bank. Tender Documents: The NIT & Bidding Document can be obtained

electronically from www.bppra.gob.pk Issuance of tender Documents: Complete Bidding Document can

be viewed at www.bppra.gob.pk Last Date of bid submission: Bid can only be submitted electronically latest by 18 January, 2023 till 11:00 AM through

supplier dashboard. Tender opening: All tenders will be opened on same day on EPPS System Address: Quetta Phone no: 0819204701 Fax no: 0819204704

Email: info.binug@gmail.com Chief Executive Officer Balochistan Institute of Nephrology

& Urology Quetta PRQ No.1730/02-01-2023