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# QUETTA VOICE

## Pakistan Conducts Strikes on 10 Afghan Locations After Drone Incursion

### NEWS DESK:

Pakistan carried out precision aerial and drone strikes against 10 locations in Afghanistan on Thursday, following an attempted drone incursion from Afghan territory a day earlier, Information Minister Attaullah Tarar said.

According to Tarar, the targeted sites were being used for launching and storing drones and were linked to attacks carried out against Pakistan. He said the operation was conducted in exercise of Pakistan's right to self-defence and was confined to specific military targets associated with the reported threats.

The information minister said Pakistan's air defence systems detected, tracked and intercepted all the drones that entered Pakistani airspace on September 23 before they could reach their intended targets.

Tarar described the September 23 drone incursion as a violation of Pakistan's sovereignty and territorial integrity. He said Islamabad had repeatedly raised concerns with the Afghan Taliban administration over the presence of terrorist groups and their alleged sanctuaries on Afghan soil.

He further said Pakistan had expected the Afghan authorities to take effective action against such groups, but instead, Islamabad viewed the reported drone activity as an escalation of tensions.

The minister said Pakistan would not accept attacks originating from Afghan territory and warned that any further violation of its sovereignty would receive a firm response.

At the same time, Tarar said Pakistan remained committed to regional peace, dialogue and constructive engagement. He stressed, however, that



File Photo: Pakistan carried out precision aerial and drone strikes against 10 locations in Afghanistan.

Islamabad's preference for diplomatic engagement should not be interpreted as acceptance of hostile actions against Pakistan.

In a separate statement accompanying footage of the operation, Tarar said the strikes destroyed terrorist hideouts and support infrastructure, including facilities allegedly used for

launching and storing drones. He said the targeted locations were connected to attacks against civilians in Pakistan as well as the drone intrusion reported on September 23.

The latest Pakistani operation came after reports of multiple drones entering Pakistani airspace from Afghanistan on

Wednesday. Security officials said the drones were intercepted before reaching their intended target.

The developments follow Pakistan's earlier airstrikes in Afghanistan on September 21, which Islamabad said were conducted in response to recent terrorist attacks in Khyber

Pakhtunkhwa. The government said at the time that more than 28 terrorists had been killed in the operation.

Pakistan has repeatedly accused groups operating from Afghan territory of involvement in attacks inside the country, while Afghan authorities have disputed Islamabad's allegations

and objected to cross-border military operations.

The latest strikes are likely to further increase tensions along the Pakistan-Afghanistan border as Islamabad continues to call for action against armed groups it says are using Afghan territory to plan and execute attacks against Pakistan.

## Insurgency Does Not Exist in Balochistan, Anti-State Elements Misleading Youth: CM Sarfaraz Bugti

### Qasem Shah, News Desk:

QUETTA — Balochistan Chief Minister Mir Sarfaraz Bugti reaffirmed on Thursday that there is no active insurgency in the province, stating that a handful of anti-state elements are pushing sub-nationalist narratives based on ethnic identity to mislead youth into a fruitless conflict.



File Photo: CM Bugti Addressing 21st National Workshop.

Addressing participants of the 21st National Workshop Balochistan at a local forum in Quetta, Chief Minister Bugti emphasized that foreign-backed entities operating from abroad are running organized propaganda campaigns to divide Pakistan.

"Anti-state elements wish to slice Pakistan like a cake, but no conspiracy aimed at damaging the integrity of the country will ever succeed," Bugti asserted. Sena-

tor Dinesh Kumar, Coordinator to CM on Information and Political Affairs Shahid Rind, and Principal Secretary Imran Zarkoon were also present on the occasion.

**'Violence Is Not the Answer to Underdevelopment'**

Rejecting the narrative that regional disparities and economic deprivation justify armed resistance, Chief Minister Bugti noted

reality and rhetoric, encouraging them to learn the authentic history of their province.

He further appealed to the youth to reject anti-state propaganda and focus their energy on education, skill development, and constructive opportunities for a brighter future.

**AI-Based Testing introduced to Guarantee Merit in Recruitment**

Highlighting governance reforms aimed at bridging the trust gap between the state and the youth, Chief Minister Bugti announced that the provincial government has integrated an Artificial Intelligence (AI)-based testing system for public sector job recruitments.

"To ensure complete transparency and meritocracy, we have introduced AI technology in our recruitment procedures. No deserving candidate will be deprived of their right, and public sector employment will strictly be awarded on merit," he declared.

100% PSDP Progress & Un-biased Accountability  
Sharing operational milestones, the Chief Minister revealed that Balochistan achieved a 100 percent implementation rate on its Public Sector Development Program (PSDP) over the past two years.

To curb corruption and improve service delivery, the provincial government has reactivated both the Anti-Corruption Department and the Chief Minister's Inspection Team (CMIT).

"In an unprecedented move toward transparent governance, the CM Inspection Team began its development audits from my own constituency.

## Balochistan Imposes Section 144: Weapons, Rallies, and Face Coverings Banned Across Province for 30 Days

### ALIHAMZA:

QUETTA — The Government of Balochistan has implemented strict security measures across the province, enforcing Section 144 of the Code of Criminal Procedure for 30 days to maintain law and order and safeguard the public.

The immediate directives prohibit the public display of weapons, assemblies of five or more people, and the covering of

peace. Core Restrictions Under the Order

Ban on Weapons: Carrying, displaying, or using any type of firearm or weapon in public spaces is strictly prohibited, except for authorized security personnel.

Prohibition of Gatherings: Rallies, processions, demonstrations, sit-ins, and any public gatherings of five or more people are strictly banned.

Restriction on Face Cover-

ings: Concealing one's identity in public using masks, mufflers, or any other cloth that obstructs face identification is prohibited.

Enforcement and Legal Action: The order takes effect immediately and will remain active for 30 days throughout the province. Law enforcement agencies and

Government officials stated that these measures aim to pre-

emptively address potential secu-

rity threats and ensure safety. Au-

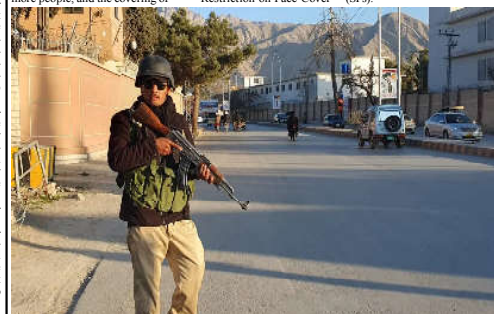
thorities have urged citizens to

cooperate with law enforcement

and adhere to the guidelines to

maintain peace across

Balochistan.



File Photo: A policeman stands alert.

faces in public spaces.

According to notification SO(Jud:II/8/31)/2026-430/19-33, issued by Home Secretary Muhammad Hamza Shafiqat, the decision follows intelligence reports indicating potential gatherings and activities that could compromise public safety and disrupt

ings: Concealing one's identity in public using masks, mufflers, or any other cloth that obstructs face identification is prohibited.

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# QUETTA VOICE

Editor: Asim Khan

## Behind the Curtain: Transforming Governance in Balochistan

By Imran Khan:

Governance has always been a major challenge in Pakistan, particularly in Balochistan. Over the years, there has been a visible disconnect between the public and those in power. Many people have felt neglected and betrayed by politicians and rulers, while the benefits of effective governance have failed to reach ordinary citizens, especially young people. At the same time, people have witnessed significant improvements in the lifestyles of some political leaders, often while development in their own areas remained limited. This sense of deprivation and exclusion is often cited as one of the factors contributing to frustration and alienation among young people.

The widening gap between citizens and those in authority has contributed to a serious erosion of public trust. In some cases, frustration and hopelessness have pushed young people towards destructive paths. It was against this backdrop that the new provincial government took office and placed governance among its foremost priorities.

The Chief Minister sought to move away from the traditional model of governance and, from the outset, clearly communicated his vision and priorities to the bureaucracy. His efforts were supported by an experienced, educated, professional and dedicated Chief Secretary, who served as a key adviser in translating the government's vision into administrative action.

Under the Chief Secretary's leadership, the bureaucracy was positioned as an instrument of institutional change. He provided frank and professional advice to the Chief Minister and helped facilitate decisions based on merit and objective considerations. He introduced a performance evaluation mechanism for departments and officers based on tangible and measurable criteria, with the aim of reducing the influence of personal preferences and improving accountability.

One of the major areas of focus was recruitment in essential public services. Proposals for simpler and more transparent recruitment of teachers, lecturers, doctors and paramedics were aimed at addressing staff shortages in schools, colleges and hospitals. The article claims that these measures contributed to making a large number of educational and health institutions functional. It further states that around 98 percent of schools are now functional and that doctors and paramedics who were previously absent from their places of posting are now performing their duties there.

The recruitment process was also made simpler, transparent and merit-based. According to the article, these measures helped reduce opportunities for corruption, nepotism and favouritism and were appreciated by members of the public.



Another significant area of administrative reform was the handling of unions and associations.

The Chief Secretary took a firm position against what he regarded as unjustified demands and resisted pressure generated through protests and strikes.

He supported departmental secretaries and engaged with political leadership to prevent administrative decisions from being dictated by pressure groups. This approach, according to the article, gave government officers greater freedom to take administrative initiatives and focus

on improving departmental performance.

The Chief Secretary also remained engaged with senior officers and regularly monitored their performance.

The emphasis was placed not only on issuing directions but also on following up on their implementation.

Reforming Development Planning

Development planning was another major challenge.

The article argues that provincial development depends heavily on an effective Public Sector Development Programme (PSDP), and that development projects without a clear

vision, strategy and monitoring mechanism can fail to produce meaningful results.

The Chief Secretary reportedly played an important role in re-orienting the PSDP towards public-service-oriented, community-based and strategic projects.

According to the article, the development programme previously included a significant number of projects based on individual or localized interests, whereas greater emphasis was subsequently placed on projects intended to benefit communities.

Monitoring was also given greater importance. The Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Wing of the Planning and Development Department was made functional, while Deputy Commissioners were assigned responsibility for monitoring development schemes in their respective districts and reporting on their progress.

The article argues that this monitoring mechanism helped reduce the possibility of inaccurate reporting and standard work. At the district level, Deputy Commissioners were also entrusted with funds for addressing smaller but important public needs, including

pavements, street lighting and drainage. This was intended to strengthen district administration while allowing local authorities to respond more quickly to everyday development needs.

The Chief Secretary also initiated performance reviews of various authorities and commissions, assigning them targets and encouraging them to improve efficiency and financial sustainability. The objective was to make these institutions more effective in delivering public services while reducing their dependence on government resources.

Improving Procurement and Transparency

Public procurement was another area identified for reform. The Chief Secretary directed the Balochistan Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (BPPRA) to examine procurement procedures and present relevant findings in the meetings of secretaries on a regular basis.

The article states that data revealed instances in which single bidders participated in procurement processes, potentially limiting competition and benefiting specific firms or companies.

In response, secretaries were directed to supervise procurement more closely and ensure that the process remained fair, competitive and transparent.

The article presents these measures as part of a broader effort to strengthen accountability and improve public confidence in government institutions.

Recognizing the growing importance of digital communication, departments, commissioners and deputy commissioners were also encouraged to establish official social media accounts and use them to inform the public about government initiatives and development activities. Departments were further instructed to update their websites and make relevant information available online.

The establishment of a Right to Information Commission in the province is also highlighted as an important step towards greater transparency and public access to government information.

The Role of Effective Bureaucracy

The central argument of the article is that meaningful governance reforms require capable, professional and committed administrative leadership. It presents the Chief Secretary as a key figure behind several administrative, development and institutional reforms and argues that political leadership can achieve more when supported by an effective and innovative bureaucracy.

The article concludes that institutional change requires political will, administrative commitment and sustained implementation. It portrays the experience of Balochistan as an example of how political leadership and a professional bureaucracy can work together to improve public service delivery, strengthen accountability and restore public confidence in government institutions.

## Pakistan's Missing Democratic Institution

ZIA-UD-DIN:

Every five years, a citizen walks to the polling station, casts his vote, and walks out with a satisfaction of having participated in the democratic process.

A month later, the same citizen sees his street filled with a pile of garbage, observes that the road has deteriorated, and discovers that the school is falling apart.

He wants to complain but lacks access to his representative.

This is the paradox of Pakistan's democracy: it has transferred power from the center to the provinces but has yet to devolve it effectively to the third tier of government.

Since the creation of Pakistan, democracy reaches the ballot box but never reaches the doorstep of the citizen.

In other words, the local government system has not evolved in letter and spirit.

Despite insertion of Article 140A, local governments in Pakistan face a deep rooted structural problem: constitutional, political, fiscal, and administrative constraints.

The biggest problem faced by local government systems in Pakistan is constitutional weakness.

Although Article 140A stated the formation of local governments, it is six-to-seven-line provision.

It leaves detailed institutional design, powers, functions, and fiscal dimensions to provincial legislation.

Apart from the constitutional weaknesses, local government systems are also politically



marginalized. They are victims of the centralization of power at the provincial level.

Strong political elites view empowered local governments as a threat to their political power.

Moreover, the development funds of MPAs and MNAs create a parallel political structure, undermining the effectiveness of local governments.

Thus, the local government structure becomes largely ceremonial rather than an independent tier of government.

Local governments remain financially dependent on provincial governments, limiting their ability to function effectively.

Under the 7th NFC Award, the provinces' share of the divisible pool was increased to 57.5 percent.

However, the NFC framework does not require the provincial governments to allocate a specific share of these transfer to local governments.

According to a World Bank report of 2026, the share of total government spending on local bodies declined from 10 percent in 2005 to less than 5 percent in 2024.

As a result, local governments are unable to perform basic services such as water supply, sanitation, solid waste management, primary education, and other basic local needs.

In addition to constitutional, political, and fiscal challenges, the local government system also faces deep administrative constraints that dilute its operational effectiveness.

The civil servant continues to perform the tasks of local representatives through their daily administrative functions.

As a result, the overlapping roles create confusion over authority. Furthermore, the lack of continuity is also a major impediment that prevents the development of a stable local administrative system.

Consequently, it leads to limited administrative autonomy, reducing its efficiency and responsiveness.

India's experience of local government provides a useful case study for Pakistan.

The landmark 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendments of 1992 established Panchayati Raj institutions and urban local bodies.

They list 29 subjects for Panchayats and 18 subjects for municipalities.

Furthermore, the amendments ensure regular elections and reserve seats for women and different castes.

Both rural and urban local bodies receive financial resources from the state and central governments.

Strengthening the third tier of governance in Pakistan is a prerequisite for both grassroots democracy and effective service delivery.

Constitutional protection is the most necessary step in the right direction.

The Constitution must clearly detail the structure, tenure, and functions of local governments.

Political elites must change their mindset of centralization. Local governments need to derive their powers and functions from the Constitution rather than provincial or federal governments.

Without financial empowerment, local governments cannot ensure effective governance.

Therefore, Provincial Finance Commissions must be activated to ensure the transfer of sufficient funds to local governments. Lastly, institutional building and administrative autonomy are necessary steps to ensure effective local administration.

On the whole, democracy is not merely about elections or representation, rather, it is a practice of participation, transparency, inclusivity, and accountability.

It can only be achieved when governance is brought closer to the voters.

Central and provincial governments cannot provide local services as effectively as local governments can.

Local government not only brings about effective governance but also deepens democratic participation.

Ultimately, democracy becomes meaningful when it reaches the doorstep of the citizen.

The author holds a BS in Political Science and hails from Zhob, Balochistan.

His areas of interest include governance, public administration, democratic institutions and public policy.

## Governor Mandokhail Reaffirms Support for Responsible Journalism, Meets Pakistan Journalists Association Delegation

QUETTA: Governor Balochistan Jaffer Khan Mandokhail has said that politics and journalism are complementary fields, while a strong and responsible media plays a vital role in creating awareness among citizens about their rights and responsibilities.

He expressed these views during a meeting with a delegation of the Pakistan Journalists Association (PJA) Balochistan, led by PJA Balochistan President Muhammad Hanif Jamali.

The delegation included Muhammad Shahid Magi, Huma Baloch, Samera Rajput, Mahwish, Firdous, Farya Batool, Ms Noreen, Ms Dunya, Jahanzab Akram, Arun Kumar, Muhammad Shehzad, Feroz Jamali and Muhammad Zafar Jamali.

Media Plays Key Role in Public Awareness

Governor Mandokhail



said he had always held media professionals associated with print, electronic and social media in high regard and maintained cordial relations with the journalist community for decades.

He described the media as an important pillar of the state and

said professional journalists worked hard to uphold professional standards and dignity in their field.

The governor said responsible and independent journalism played an important role in highlighting public issues, holding institu-

tions accountable and strengthening communication between citizens and government institutions.

PJA Foundation Day Celebrated At the conclusion of the meeting, Governor Jaffer Khan Mandokhail cut a cake to mark the 12th Foundation Day of the Pakistan Journalists Association and conveyed his best wishes to its members.

## Sibi Commissioner Irfanullah Khan Assumes Charge, Inspects Commissioner Office

SIBI: Commissioner Sibi Division Irfanullah Khan assumed charge of his office and subsequently inspected various sections of the Commissioner's Office to review administrative affairs and official records.

During the inspection, the commissioner reviewed the functioning of different sections, examined official records and obtained information from staff members about their responsibilities and ongoing matters.

Emphasis on Discipline and Timely Disposal

Commissioner

Irfanullah Khan directed the staff to maintain discipline in official affairs, ensure timely completion and updating of records, and address public matters on a priority basis.

He said transparency, merit and public facilitation would be given particular importance.



form their duties in accordance with the prescribed procedures and in the public interest.

## Balochistan, Punjab Officials Discuss Measures to Facilitate Interprovincial Travel and Transport

DERA GHAZI KHAN: On the directives of Balochistan Chief Minister Mir Sarfraz Bugti, Kohn-e-Suleman Division Commissioner Rakhni Mujeeb-ur-Rehman Qumbari held an important interprovincial coordination meeting with the Commissioner of Dera Ghazi Khan Division to discuss measures for making travel between Balochistan and Punjab more convenient, secure and orderly.

The meeting reviewed in detail the difficulties faced by transporters, traffic management, security arrangements and the need for an effective emergency response system along the interprovincial route. Repeated checks at checkpoints and delays faced by freight vehicles travelling from Balochistan to Punjab due to repeated checking at different checkpoints.

The participants stressed that security could not be compromised, but the checking process should be better coordinated and

streamlined through stronger inter-agency communication to prevent unnecessary difficulties for passengers and the business community.

The growing traffic pressure and movement of vehicles at the Sakhi Sarwar checkpoints were also discussed.

The meeting agreed on the need for improved traffic management, better coordination of checking procedures and necessary administrative measures to facilitate passengers and transporters.

Rescue 1122 Units Proposed Along Route

The proposal to establish Rescue 1122 units at suitable locations between Dera Ghazi Khan and Rakhni was also discussed. Participants emphasised that an effective and coordinated emergency response mechanism was essential to ensure timely rescue and medical assistance in case of road accidents or medical emergencies along the interprovincial highway.

Security arrangements in border areas and along the interprovincial route, traffic management, emergency services and coordination among relevant departments and institutions were also discussed in detail.

Joint Coordination Committee Proposed

The meeting reached an in-principle decision to establish a joint coordination committee comprising representatives of all relevant departments and institutions.

The proposed committee will formulate recommendations for the permanent resolution of issues related to interprovincial travel, transporter concerns, security, traffic management and emergency services, besides monitoring implementation of mutually agreed decisions. Participants agreed to further strengthen practical coordination among institutions to ensure safe, convenient and uninterrupted travel for the public, passengers and transporters along the important route connecting Balochistan and Punjab.

## National Accountability Bureau (NAB) Balochistan Holds Anti-Corruption Awareness Seminar and Walk at Alhamd Islamic University

QUETTA: The National Accountability Bureau (NAB) Balochistan organised a seminar and awareness walk at the City Campus of Alhamd Islamic University as part of its ongoing campaign against corruption.

The seminar was held under the theme "NAB's Working Mechanism and the Role of Students in Eradicating Corruption." The event aimed to educate young people about the harmful effects of corruption and promote collective efforts to build a corruption-free society.

Registrar Alhamd Islamic University Abdul Rahim welcomed the NAB Balochistan Director Muhammad Saleem Ahmed, while



Director Muhammad Saleem Ahmed, while addressing the students, highlighted their role in efforts to curb corruption.

Faculty members and students attended the event.

NAB Officials Briefed Students on Accountability During an awareness lecture, NAB Balochistan Deputy Director Salman Akbar briefed participants about the bureau's working mechanism, vision, mission and performance.

NAB Balochistan Director Muhammad Saleem Ahmed, while addressing the stu-

dents, highlighted their role in efforts to curb corruption.

He stressed the importance of self-accountability in the light of Islamic teachings and said corruption and dishonesty had no place in Islam.

M u h a m m a d Saleem Ahmed identified nepotism, bribery, influence, coercion and favouritism among practices associated with corruption, and expressed concern that such behaviours had become common in society. The Director

also responded in detail to questions raised by students at the conclusion of his address.

Students Urged to Support Anti-Corruption Efforts

Alhamd Islamic University Quetta Registrar Faheem Abbas appreciated NAB Balochistan's efforts and said students, as important members of society, could play a key role through collective efforts in laying the foundation for a corruption-free society.

On behalf of NAB Balochistan, Director Muhammad Saleem Ahmed presented a commemorative shield to Additional Registrar Faheem Abbas.

The programme concluded with an awareness walk aimed at reinforcing the message of integrity and the importance of collective action against corruption.

Both sides expressed mutual appreciation and gratitude at the conclusion of the event.

## Balochistan Planning Minister, Investment Board Chairman Discuss Development and Investment Promotion

QUETTA: Provincial Minister for Planning and Development Mir Zahoar Ahmed Buledi held a meeting with Chairman Balochistan Board of Investment Bilal Khan Kakar to discuss development projects, investment promotion and measures to create a conducive environment for

make investment procedures more effective and convenient.

Mir Zahoar Buledi said effective planning, better utilisation of resources and promotion of investment were essential for sustainable development in Balochistan.



He said the economic activity in the province.

The meeting covered various aspects of Balochistan's development and economic affairs, including increasing investment, facilitating investors and expanding private-sector participation in development projects.

Focus on Investment and Economic Opportunities

The participants discussed Balochistan's broad investment potential, utilisation of available resources across various sectors.

The meeting also discussed development and economic matters in Balochistan and other issues of mutual interest.

They also reviewed measures to facilitate investors and

province's natural and economic resources could be linked with the development process to create new employment opportunities and expand economic activity.

Efforts to Facilitate Investors

Chairman Balochistan Board of Investment Bilal Khan Kakar shared his views on promoting investment in the province, encouraging investors and exploring investment opportunities across various sectors.

The meeting also discussed development and economic matters in Balochistan and other issues of mutual interest.

They also reviewed measures to facilitate investors and

### BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 119/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

#### VERSUS

Sarwar S/o Gul Din, Resident of Zavar Miran, Tehsil & District Musakhail.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF RS-29,574/- US OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE ORDNANCE NO XLVI/2001)

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs-29,574/- balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. Date of hearing is 26-10-2026.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)  
Registrar  
Banking Court Quetta

### BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 117/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

#### VERSUS

Khayal Muhammad S/o Sher Khan Resident of Paramzai, Musakhail.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF RS-7008/- US OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE ORDNANCE NO XLVI/2001)

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs-7008/- balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

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GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)  
Registrar  
Banking Court Quetta

### BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 118/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

#### VERSUS

Essa Khan S/o Merak, Resident of Nakhal, Mevach Jamalzai, Tehsil & District Musakhail.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF RS-92,879/- US OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE ORDNANCE NO XLVI/2001)

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs-92,879/- balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

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GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)  
Registrar  
Banking Court Quetta

### BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 116/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

#### VERSUS

Umar Hayat S/o Abdul Kareem, Resident of Ulasi Road, Musakhail.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF RS-76,673/- US OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE ORDNANCE NO XLVI/2001)

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs-76,673/- balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

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(SAIFULLAH KHAN)  
Registrar  
Banking Court Quetta

## Cop martyred, 3 injured as terrorists open fire on raiding CTD party near Peshawar

**NEWS DESK:** A cop was martyred and three people were injured on Thursday during an exchange of fire between terrorists and the Counter-Terrorism Department (CTD) on the outskirts of the provincial capital, police said.

According to a senior CTD official, the department had received information about the presence of terrorists in the Garhi Sherard area near Warsak Road, following which the authorities planned an operation against them.

"The moment the CTD team reached the area, the terrorists opened fire at the raiding party," the official said.

In a subsequent post about the raid, KP Police said one CTD personnel embraced martyrdom, while three others were injured in exchange of fire.

"In retaliatory action, one terrorist [was] killed," the statement added, highlighting that a "major terrorist plot" was foiled.

The police said the operation was carried out on "credible intel" about the presence of three would-be suicide bombers.

A video, captured by a quadcopter camera, purportedly showed one of the terrorists climbing from a house and making his way to another, running along the rooftops.

The terrorist, who

succeeded in climbing up to the main door of the third house.

was targeted right on top of the wall by the CTD personnel who had cordoned off the entire area.

The funeral of the martyred cop, Afzaq Khan, was offered at

Peshawar's police headquarters.

KP Governor Faisal Karim Kundi, cabinet members, KP Inspector General Zulfiqar Hameed, Additional IG CTD Jawad Qamar, Peshawar Capital City Police Officer (CCPO) Dr Mian Saeed Ahmad, and relatives of the martyred cop attended the funeral.

In a statement, Kundi strongly condemned the incident, expressed his condolences to the family of the martyred official and prayed for the swift re-

covery of the injured.

"The people of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa remain deeply indebted to these brave sons of our soil who put their lives on the line so that others may live in safety," he said.

K h y b e r Pakhtunkhwa has wit-

Bakar, police said.

It added that Iran was a proclaimed offender wanted by CTD as he was involved in a total of 20 cases of bomb blasts.

targeted killings of police personnel and political leaders, and other acts of terrorism in



Peshawar's police head-

quarters.

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Pakhtunkhwa has wit-

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and security forces be-

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authorities to intensify

counterterrorism opera-

tions.

Earlier this month,

five terrorists were killed

in an exchange of fire

with CTD of police in

Shamsat area on the

border between

Peshawar and Nowshera

districts.

Among them was a

key commander of the

banned ISKP, identified

as Imran alias Abdullah

alias Bilal alias Abu

Isamabad and other

parts of the country.

A week before that,

four terrorists, including

a militant commander

and an Afghan national,

were killed in an encoun-

ter with CTD in

Peshawar's Badkher

area.

A statement issued

by CTD said that earlier,

militant commander

Tahir alias Muawiyah,

a resident of Shakas in

Khyber tribal district,

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## 8 terrorists killed in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP's) North Waziristan: security sources

**NEWS DESK:** Security forces killed eight terrorists in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa's North Waziristan during an intelligence-based operation (IBO), security sources said on Thursday.

The sources said the terrorists belonged to Fitna al Khawarij — a term the state uses for terrorists belonging to the banned Tehreek-i-Taliban Pakistan (TTP).

The hideouts used by the terrorists were also completely destroyed during the operation, according to security sources.

Although the terrorists attempted to use a mosque as a shield to evade the security forces,

the operation was carried out "with precision," keeping the sanctity of the mosque in view, the sources were quoted as saying.

Interior Minister Mohsin Naqvi paid tribute to the security forces for eliminating "eight Khawarij."

"KP is on the front line against terrorism, and the security forces

are determined to root out terrorism from its roots," he was quoted as saying by his ministry.

"We are proud of the brave sons of the security forces who foiled the terrorists' nefarious designs."

KP and Balochistan have witnessed an in-

crease in terrorist at-

tempts in recent weeks,

prompting security

forces to intensify

counter-terrorism opera-

tions.

KP, excluding the

merged districts, re-

corded 54 terrorist at-

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