



Jinnah Peoples Metro Train Starts in Quetta



Pakistan's Climate Vulnerability: A Governance Dilemma

Jinnah Peoples Metro Train Starts in Quetta

NEWS DESK:

QUETTA: The Jinnah Peoples Metro Train Service has officially started in Quetta, with Balochistan Chief Minister Mir Sarfraz Bugti announcing free travel for senior citizens and persons with disabilities and revealing plans to expand the service to two trains.

Chief Minister Sarfraz Bugti inaugurated the service on Tuesday alongside Federal Minister for Railways Hanif Abbasi. The two officials also unveiled the project plaque and participated in the metro train's inaugural trial journey. The ceremony was attended by Parliamentary Secretary for Transport Mir Liaquat Ali Lehari, provincial ministers, members of the Balochistan Assembly, Pakistan Railways Chairman, Chief Secretary Balochistan Shakil Qadir Khan and other senior officials and political representatives.

Quetta Metro Train to Expand to Two Trains

Addressing the ceremony, Chief Minister Bugti described the Jinnah Peoples Metro Train as Balochistan's first metro train service, saying it has been launched to provide citizens with safe, comfortable and affordable transportation.

He said workers, students, professionals and ordinary citizens



A view of the Jinnah People's Train: Photo Quetta Voice

zens would benefit from the service.

Bugti announced that senior citizens and persons with disabilities will travel free of charge, while fares for other passengers will

remain subsidized and affordable.

The Chief Minister said the provincial government is committed to expanding the service to two trains, with trains eventually operating from both directions.

Service Expansion Towards

Pishin, Bostan and Mastung. Bugti said work has already started on the development of the railway track towards the Bostan Industrial Estate.

BALUCHISTAN Page No 3



Balochistan Governor Pledges Support for Traders, Calls for Removal...

NATIONAL Page No 4



Minister warns of 'strong' public response if governor's rule imposed...

Balochistan Security Crisis: AIG Warns of Vulnerable Check Posts, Over 100 Martyred

Muhammad Faizan Aslam Khan:

More than 100 security personnel have been martyred in Balochistan this year, while several police check posts remain highly vulnerable to terrorist attacks, Additional Inspector General (AIG) Balochistan Shahzad Akbar told a Senate committee on Monday.

The AIG made the remarks while participating through video link in a meeting of the Senate Standing Committee on Inter-Provincial Co-

nel have been martyred this year," Shahzad Akbar told the committee.

He said the security situation in Balochistan was extremely difficult, warning that many check posts were vulnerable and faced serious threats.

"Our situation is very bad. The check posts are highly vulnerable," the AIG said. He added that security personnel were making sacrifices to protect the public despite the risks.

"We are sacrificing our children.

The check posts are facing severe threats," he said.

The Senate committee meeting focused on difficulties faced by citizens while travelling between Balochistan and other provinces, including security concerns and problems at checkpoints.

During the proceedings, a statement made by Balochistan Assembly lawmaker Maulana Hidayat-ur-Rehman was also played. In his Balochistan Assembly speech, he had said that people travelling from Balochistan to Karachi sometimes felt as if they were entering another country rather than travelling within Pakistan.

The discussion highlighted the security challenges facing Balochistan and the difficulties encountered by citizens travelling through inter-provincial routes.



ordination, which discussed problems and security challenges faced by citizens travelling between provinces.

"We are in a state of war. More than 100 of our person-

Shahzad Akbar also informed the committee that a deputy commissioner had been abducted while travelling to his home and that his whereabouts were still unknown.

The discussion highlighted the security challenges facing Balochistan and the difficulties encountered by citizens travelling through inter-provincial routes.

بلوچستان کی پہلی ماس ٹرانزٹ میٹرو ٹرین

جناح پیپلز ٹرین

عوامی سہولت کی نئی پڑی

وزیر اعلیٰ بلوچستان میر سرفراز بگٹی کی سربراہی میں جی ڈی سی کے عوامی سہولت کمیٹی کے رکنوں کے ساتھ جی ڈی سی، محلو، آرام دہ اور کم خرچ سفری نظام کا آغاز

ایم جی ڈی سی

- کیڑا کھاؤ اور پانی کی کمی کو کم کرنے کے لیے پانی کی بوتلیں
- صرف 100 روپے میں ٹکٹ
- جی ڈی سی کے ساتھ
- محلو، آرام دہ اور کم خرچ سفر
- طلبہ، ملازمین، عوام، شہری اور گاؤں والے افراد کی سہولت

اسٹیشن

سفری سہولت کا نیا نظام — ترقی کی راہ پر بلوچستان

GOB DGPR

QUETTA VOICE

Editor: Asim Khan

AI and Balochistan's Youth: How Universities Can Shape the Province's Digital Future

By Syed Dara Shikoh Amir:

For Balochistan, the conversation around Artificial Intelligence is no longer about a distant future. AI is already changing education, healthcare, agriculture, industry, finance and governance. The real question is whether Balochistan's universities and young people will be prepared to participate in this transformation.

When Governor Balochistan and Chancellor of the province's public-sector universities, Jaffar Khan Mandokhail, addressed the Youth and AI Summit at the United Nations Headquarters in New York, his message carried significance beyond a discussion on technology. It placed Balochistan's youth, universities and technological ambitions within a global conversation about the future.

For a province with a predominantly young population, this is an opportunity that cannot be ignored. Balochistan's greatest advantage may not simply be its geography or natural resources, but the potential of its young people.

AI Is Already Changing the Landscape

Artificial Intelligence is rapidly becoming part of almost every major sector. For Balochistan, this transformation could offer practical solutions to some of its most persistent challenges.

AI and Data Science can support better healthcare decisions, improve agricultural monitoring, assist in analysing geological formations, strengthen public services and contribute to more efficient use of resources.

But, technology cannot transform a society on its own. It needs people who understand it, institutions that can develop it and universities capable of turning knowledge into practical solutions.

This makes higher education central to Balochistan's digital future. BUTEMS and the Beginning of a Shift

Balochistan University of Information Technology, Engineering and Management Sciences (BUTEMS) has introduced programmes in Artificial Intelligence and Data Science while incorporating emerging technologies and data-focused learning into different academic disciplines.

This development is significant because AI should not be treated as a field restricted to computer science. A mining engineer who understands data analytics can better interpret geological information. An agricultural researcher can use AI to monitor crops. A healthcare professional can use data to identify trends and improve decision-making.

For Balochistan, the goal should therefore be to develop an academic environment where technology is used not simply to teach students, but to address real problems. From Degree-Holders to Problem-Solvers

For decades, universities have largely focused on producing graduates for established professions. But the pace of technological change is making that approach increasingly inadequate.

Students entering the workforce today may encounter technologies, processes and even job roles that did not exist when they began their studies. Universities must therefore teach more than professional knowledge. They must teach



students how to learn, adapt, think critically, innovate and solve problems.

This is where AI and Data Science can become powerful tools. The objective should not simply be to produce graduates who know how to operate new technologies. It should be to develop young people capable of looking at a problem in their community and asking how technology, research and innovation can help solve it.

Balochistan's Challenges Can Become Research Opportunities

The province itself provides a vast field for meaningful research. Water scarcity, mineral resources, agriculture, renewable energy, healthcare access, environmental change, urban planning and education all offer opportunities for technology-driven research.

Perhaps universities should therefore ask a different question. Instead of asking only, "What degree programmes should we offer?", they should also ask, "What problems can we help solve?"

That change in thinking could redefine higher education in Balochistan. Students of Artificial Intelligence and Data Science could work alongside engineers, doctors, economists, environmental scientists and social researchers. Universities could collaborate with government departments, industries, businesses and local communities.

Such partnerships would allow academic knowledge to move beyond classrooms and become practical solutions for society.

Digital Transformation Requires More Than Technology

The call for digital transformation across Balochistan's public-sector universities is im-

portant, but introducing AI programmes is only the beginning. A genuinely AI-ready university requires trained faculty, modern laboratories, computing facilities, updated curricula, research funding and stronger links with industry and international institutions.

The same applies to the idea of a paperless university. Digitalisation should not simply mean replacing paper files with computer screens. It should improve teaching, research, administration, information management and decision-making.

The ultimate goal should be universities that are digitally enabled, research-driven and connected to national and international networks.

Connecting Balochistan's Youth to the World

The Governor's

participation in the United Nations Youth and AI Summit also highlights the importance of international engagement.

Around the world, universities are working to develop AI skills, expand research, create technology partnerships and prepare young people for the digital economy.

Balochistan's youth should have access to those opportunities. The message from New York should therefore be seen as an opportunity to think beyond individual programmes and towards a broader vision for higher education in Balochistan.

The province's next frontier may not be found only beneath its soil. It may be found in its classrooms, laboratories, research centres and, above all, in the minds of its young people.

where. Turning Vision into a Long-Term Strategy

The real challenge begins after the speeches and international headlines. Balochistan now needs a sustained strategy for AI education, Data Science, research, innovation and digital transformation.

Its universities should work more closely with government, industry and communities. Students should be given opportunities to work on real-world problems, develop startups and turn research ideas into practical projects.

The progress already visible at BUTEMS demonstrates that this direction is achievable and can contribute to a broader movement towards technology-driven higher education across the province.

Balochistan's Greatest Resource

Balochistan is frequently discussed in terms of its natural resources and vast geography. But its greatest long-term resource may ultimately be its people.

The province has a young population and talented students. What is needed is an education system capable of turning that potential into opportunity.

If Balochistan can connect its universities, youth, Artificial Intelligence, Data Science, research and innovation, its young people will not merely be prepared for the future.

The province's next frontier may not be found only beneath its soil. It may be found in its classrooms, laboratories, research centres and, above all, in the minds of its young people.

where. Turning Vision into a Long-Term Strategy

The real challenge begins after the speeches and international headlines. Balochistan now needs a sustained strategy for AI education, Data Science, research, innovation and digital transformation.

Its universities should work more closely with government, industry and communities. Students should be given opportunities to work on real-world problems, develop startups and turn research ideas into practical projects.

The progress already visible at BUTEMS demonstrates that this direction is achievable and can contribute to a broader movement towards technology-driven higher education across the province.

Balochistan's Greatest Resource

Balochistan is frequently discussed in terms of its natural resources and vast geography. But its greatest long-term resource may ultimately be its people.

Pakistan's Climate Vulnerability: A Governance Dilemma

Zia Ud Din:

Pakistan contributes less than one percent to global carbon emissions, yet it consistently ranks among the countries most exposed to climate-induced disasters. This imbalance is not merely an environmental concern; it reflects governance dilemma rooted in a weak institutional coordination and limited adaptation planning.

Climate change is one of the most pressing challenges of the modern era, adversely affecting societies at multiple levels.

Rising temperatures, droughts, irregular weather patterns, sea-level rise, melting glaciers, floods, and water insecurity demonstrate its far-reaching global consequences. Since these impacts transcend national borders, climate change is inherently a global challenge. Along with other developing nations, Pakistan remains highly vulnerable.

In 2024, Pakistan recorded its ninth warmest year in the last 64 years, with an average temperature of 23.52°C and rainfall levels 31 percent above the historical average. This highlights the

urgency of collective international action.

For Pakistan, however, climate vulnerability is compounded by governance constraints. Fragmented institutional



coordination, weak policy implementation, and limited emphasis on adaptation have reduced the state's capacity to respond effectively. Consequently, the climate crisis in Pakistan reflects not only environmental stress but also persistent governance failures.

Climate change refers to long-term shifts in global weather patterns and temperatures, primarily driven by human activities. According to United Nations findings, excessive green-

house gas emissions have intensified heat retention in the atmosphere. Gases such as carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide have thickened the atmospheric blanket, largely due to deforestation, fossil fuel consumption, and rapid industrialization.

One of the most visible consequences of climate change has also intensified water scarcity, a growing global concern. Pakistan is already a water-stressed country, and climate variability has further exacerbated this challenge.

climate change is rising global temperatures. The Copernicus Climate Change Service reported that average global temperatures in 2024 exceeded pre-industrial levels by 1.52°C. This warning has intensified heatwaves, prolonged droughts, and increased wildfire risks. Rising temperatures have also disrupted weather systems, leading to irregular rainfall, intense storms, and stronger hurricanes.

Another major consequence is sea-level rise. Oceans absorb nearly 90 percent of excess heat caused by greenhouse gas emissions, leading to thermal expansion. Simultaneously, melting glaciers and ice sheets contribute to rising sea levels.

According to Encyclopedia Britannica, global sea levels have risen by approximately 21 to 25 centimeters since 1880, threatening coastal livelihoods and infrastructure.

Climate change has also intensified water scarcity, a growing global concern. Pakistan is already a water-stressed country, and climate variability has further exacerbated this challenge.

where. Turning Vision into a Long-Term Strategy

The real challenge begins after the speeches and international headlines. Balochistan now needs a sustained strategy for AI education, Data Science, research, innovation and digital transformation.

Its universities should work more closely with government, industry and communities. Students should be given opportunities to work on real-world problems, develop startups and turn research ideas into practical projects.

The progress already visible at BUTEMS demonstrates that this direction is achievable and can contribute to a broader movement towards technology-driven higher education across the province.

Balochistan's Greatest Resource

Balochistan is frequently discussed in terms of its natural resources and vast geography. But its greatest long-term resource may ultimately be its people.

The province has a young population and talented students. What is needed is an education system capable of turning that potential into opportunity.

If Balochistan can connect its universities, youth, Artificial Intelligence, Data Science, research and innovation, its young people will not merely be prepared for the future.

The province's next frontier may not be found only beneath its soil. It may be found in its classrooms, laboratories, research centres and, above all, in the minds of its young people.

where. Turning Vision into a Long-Term Strategy

The real challenge begins after the speeches and international headlines. Balochistan now needs a sustained strategy for AI education, Data Science, research, innovation and digital transformation.

Its universities should work more closely with government, industry and communities. Students should be given opportunities to work on real-world problems, develop startups and turn research ideas into practical projects.

The progress already visible at BUTEMS demonstrates that this direction is achievable and can contribute to a broader movement towards technology-driven higher education across the province.

Balochistan's Greatest Resource

Balochistan is frequently discussed in terms of its natural resources and vast geography. But its greatest long-term resource may ultimately be its people.

The province has a young population and talented students. What is needed is an education system capable of turning that potential into opportunity.

If Balochistan can connect its universities, youth, Artificial Intelligence, Data Science, research and innovation, its young people will not merely be prepared for the future.

The province's next frontier may not be found only beneath its soil. It may be found in its classrooms, laboratories, research centres and, above all, in the minds of its young people.

where. Turning Vision into a Long-Term Strategy

The real challenge begins after the speeches and international headlines. Balochistan now needs a sustained strategy for AI education, Data Science, research, innovation and digital transformation.

Its universities should work more closely with government, industry and communities. Students should be given opportunities to work on real-world problems, develop startups and turn research ideas into practical projects.

The progress already visible at BUTEMS demonstrates that this direction is achievable and can contribute to a broader movement towards technology-driven higher education across the province.

Balochistan's Greatest Resource

Balochistan is frequently discussed in terms of its natural resources and vast geography. But its greatest long-term resource may ultimately be its people.

The province has a young population and talented students. What is needed is an education system capable of turning that potential into opportunity.

If Balochistan can connect its universities, youth, Artificial Intelligence, Data Science, research and innovation, its young people will not merely be prepared for the future.

The province's next frontier may not be found only beneath its soil. It may be found in its classrooms, laboratories, research centres and, above all, in the minds of its young people.

Balochistan Governor Pledges Support for Traders, Calls for Removal of Trade Barriers

QUETTA: Balochistan Governor Jaffar Khan Mandokhail has said that traders and business communities play a key role in the economic development and prosperity of the country.

He made these remarks during a meeting with a delegation of the Central Organization of Traders Balochistan, led by its President Syed Abdul Quyum Agha, at the Governor House in Quetta.

Chairman Syed Yaseen Agha, General Secretary Hajj Muhammad Yousaf Momand, President of Traders Itehad Balochistan Syed Haider Agha, and other office-bearers were also present during the meeting.

Traders' Issues and Economic Challenges Discussed During the meeting, the participants held a detailed discussion on the problems



faced by traders and business owners in Quetta, the negative impact of the prevailing regional security situation on commercial activities, and measures to promote economic and trade activities across Balochistan.

Governor Mandokhail said that traders and industrialists contribute significantly

cantly to the national economy by keeping commercial activities active and supporting employment and investment.

He said he had consistently represented the concerns of Balochistan's traders and industrialists at relevant forums and had brought their problems

to the attention of concerned authorities.

The governor further stated that whether he remains in office or not, he would continue playing his role in resolving the legitimate issues faced by the province's business community.

Traders Raise Concerns Over Checking of

Commercial Goods. The delegation informed the governor about difficulties faced by traders while transporting legal and tax-paid commercial goods on highways across Balochistan. "The traders complained about what they described as repeated and unnecessary checking of commercial consignments, including the opening of bags and packages during transportation."

They demanded an end to what they termed harassment of traders transporting commercial goods from Quetta to Chaman, Pishin, Loralai, Muslim Bagh, Khanuzai and other areas of Balochistan.

The delegation also called for the removal of unnecessary hurdles in the transportation of legally imported and tax-paid goods.

Balochistan Education Minister Hails Science and Arts Exhibition at Quetta Girls College

Staff Reporter:

QUETTA: Balochistan Education Minister Raheela Hameed Khan Durrani has praised the Science and Arts Exhibition organised at Government Girls Degree College, Quarry Road, Quetta, saying such activities help develop students' creativity, scientific thinking, research skills and confidence.

The education minister visited the college on Monday and reviewed various scientific models, experimental projects and displays prepared by students.

Director Colleges Professor Muhammad Hussain Baksh Bakh, Joint Director Colleges Saeeda Niaz and Education Specialist Saadia Farooqi were also present during the visit. College Principal Professor Farukh Bashir and faculty members welcomed the provincial minister.



Minister Reviews Students' Projects

During her regular visit to the exhibition, Raheela Durrani inspected the projects presented by students and appreciated their efforts, creativity and practical approach to learning.

Addressing participants, she said female students in Balochistan possess considerable talent and should be provided with quality educational opportunities and a supportive environment to showcase their abilities.

exhibition. College Promotes Extracurricular Activities Principal Professor Farukh Bashir said the college regularly organizes educational and extracurricular activities to promote the academic, scientific and creative abilities of its students.

She said the exhibition aimed to provide students with opportunities to showcase their talents and encourage them to take part in research, experimentation and practical learning.

Balochistan: Mastung Blast Destroys Madina Hotel, 250 Solar Panels Damaged

Syed Muhammad Waseem:

A powerful explosion completely destroyed the historic Madina Hotel in Khadkocha on the Quetta-Karachi National Highway in Mastung district on Tuesday, causing extensive damage to nearby property.

According to local sources, unidentified individuals used explosives to target the hotel, leaving the entire building in ruins.

The blast also completely destroyed a nearby grocery shop,

while around 250 solar panels installed for nearby tube wells were reportedly damaged by the intensity of the explosion.

Several houses in the surrounding area were also affected, with windows shattering due to the powerful blast, sources said.

No casualties were immediately reported in the explosion.

The incident took place in the Khadkocha area of Mastung along the Quetta-Karachi National Highway.

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 143/2026

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Abdul Zahir S/O Khudai Dad, Resident of Mara Khurd, Tehsil & District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-9578082-9.

Borrower/Defendant
SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:771,604/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs:771,604/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28th day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 142/2026

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Abdul Hameed S/O Khudai Dad, Resident of Mara Khurd, Tehsil & District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-9260090-9.

Borrower/Defendant
SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:961,954/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs:961,954/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28th day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 139/2026

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Shadi Khan S/O Majo Khan, Resident of Shabozai, Tehsil & District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-2344105-5.

Borrower/Defendant
SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:724,104/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs:724,104/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28th day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 145/2026

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Muhammad Afzal S/O Daraz Khan, Resident of Kashkai Mara Khurd, Tehsil Mukhtar District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-0542674-9.

Borrower/Defendant
SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:1,136,462/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs:1,136,462/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28th day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 144/2026

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Rehmat Ullah S/O Sher Zaman Khan, Resident of Chema Payo, Tehsil Mukhtar District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-7356958-5.

Borrower/Defendant
SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:905,896/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs:905,896/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28th day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 141/2026

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Nasir Ullah S/O Khudai Dad, Resident of Mara Khurd, Tehsil & District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-0466601-7.

Borrower/Defendant
SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:952,870/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs:952,870/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28th day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 140/2026

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Abdul Majeed S/O Nazar Muhammad, Resident of Kilki Sharan Alizai, Tehsil & District Loralai. CNIC No: 54201-9955779-3.

Borrower/Defendant
SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:161,979/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs:161,979/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28th day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

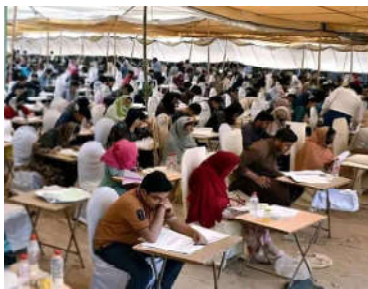
MDCAT 2026 Grievances Reach Court, Writ Petition Filed

Syed Muhammad Yaseen:

RAWALPINDI: Grievances raised by MDCAT 2026 aspirants over the examination process, question booklets and answer keys have not reached the court, with an urgent petition listed before the Rawalpindi Bench of the Lahore High Court.

According to the Urgent Cause List dated September 28, 2026, Writ Petition No. 3516/2026, titled Rayyan Shahid Malik vs Islamic Republic of Pakistan through Secretary, was listed before Justice Syed Ahsan Raza Kazmi in Court No. 4 under the category of educational institutions, medical and health institutions.

The petition comes after MDCAT aspirants allege discrepancies in the examination process. Candidates allege



that question booklets were not provided to them, making it difficult for them to independently verify the questions they attempted during the test. Some candidates

have further alleged that mistakes were present in the answer keys uploaded after the examination. The allegations have led to concerns among candidates who

stantiate their objections, particularly where they believe an answer in the official key may be incorrect.

However, these remain allegations raised by candidates and have not been established by the court.

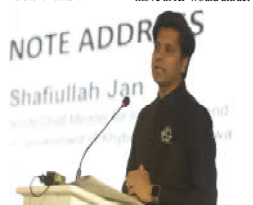
The matter has therefore attracted attention as MDCAT candidates seek a formal mechanism to address their grievances and verify any alleged discrepancies in the examination and answer key.

It is worth clarifying that the September 28 date shown in the court document is the date of the urgent cause list. The official MDCAT 2026 examination in Punjab was conducted on September 20, 2026, according to reporting on the UHS examination and subsequent review process.

Minister warns of 'strong' public response if governor's rule imposed in KP

NEWS DESK: Provincial information minister Shafullah Jan on Monday called for a joint strategy to fight terrorism, saying the issue should not be used for political point scoring. "Terrorism is a national issue, so a joint strategy is required for its elimination," he told a news conference here. Accompanied by a special assistant to the chief minister for home and tribal affairs Tariq Saeed Marwat, the minister claimed that federal ministers had presented incorrect figures about the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa police to "distort facts".

He said terrorism in the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa emerged after 9/11 and that PTI founder Imran Khan had opposed.



He said that federal ministers were trying to create an impression that the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa government was not taking action to eliminate

TENDER NOTICE

TSE-262709120053 Note: In All Procurements of GOB Whether Through Electronic or Manual Bid Submission, It is Mandatory For All Bidders to Get Registered At Electronic Public Procurement System of BPTRA GOB. The Executive Engineer Inspection Division Killa Saifullah invites bids from Eligible Bidders for execution of following works for the Year 2026 based on Composite schedule rates 2023 on Percentage Rate.

Tender Fee 100% and Bid Security 2%

S.No.	Name of Works	Est.Cost
1.	CONSTRUCTION OF FLOOD PROTECTION WALLS SHINAKH JAWAID AND TARTAR KHA	19,903,405
2.	AREALANDER TSDI (PHASE II) (2026-27)	

Procurements shall be made under the Balochistan Public Procurement Rules - 2014. **Eligibility of Bidders:** Presence in Active Tax Payer List The bidding firm must not be blacklisted by any procuring agency of Pakistan Balochistan Revenue Authority. Registration is required. The bidder must have completed 2 Assignment of similar nature of work Turnover of at least 15,000,000 PKR Amount in 3 subsequent previous years showing financial capacity of the firm Registration with Pakistan Engineering Council (PEC) C-4 and above (Up to 5 million Rupee Category And Specialized Code is CE04(I) (Irrigation & Flood Control Systems). Litigation and black listing Affidavit, (Attest affidavit on Rs. 100 non-judicial stamp paper duly attested by notary public) in case of joint venture, (Joint venture agreement on affidavit on Rs. 500/- stamp paper duly attested by notary public) 2% Bid Security of Estimated cost the available bank credit line limit 70% & above of project cost, credit line without name, TSE & Less than 70% will not be consider. The bidder must have completed (Flood Protection Wall Works) at least 2 similar projects in the last 5 years. Each project should be at least 70% of the estimated cost (Attest Work Orders and Completion Certificate) Green Chalan of 1000 Rupees with name of scheme & procuring agency. **Procedure Of Procurement:** Single Stage Two Envelope Bidding Procedure. **Bid Security:** The bids must accompany Bid Security in the form of Bank Guarantee Deposit at Call of 2% specified above in the name of the under-signed from a scheduled bank. **Tender Documents:** The bidding documents can be obtained from the office of the under-signed 1,000/PKR issuance of **Tender Documents:** From the date of publication of NT to 13 October, 2026 during Office hours on working days. **Last Date of bid submission:** The Tenders must be submitted latest by 13 October, 2026 @ 11:00 AM. **Tender opening:** All tenders will be opened on same day at the office of the under-signed at 12:00 PM Address: Executive Engineer Office Near Circuit House Killa Saifullah Phone no: 0323419860 Fax no: 0323419860 Email: irigtillakillasaifullah702@gmail.com

Executive Engineer Inspection Division Killa Saifullah

DP/2/PRO No. 1602/26-9-2026

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARAE-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 138/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Fareed Khan S/O Shams Ud Din, Resident of Dargai Kadzai, Tehsil & District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-8497323-7.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:1,241,390/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs:1,241,390/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28 day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)

Registrar

Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARAE-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 135/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Mastung Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Mir Izzat Ullah S/O Nawab Khan, Resident of House No-50, Qamar Khad Khuch Mastung. L.C No: 31583. CNIC No: 51602-0264346-9.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:1,199,957/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs:1,199,957/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 05-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28 day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)

Registrar

Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARAE-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 133/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Chaman Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Mehboob Shah S/O Badrovi, Resident of Killa Khulazai Qilli Abdullah. L.C No: 201. CNIC No: 54203-3080592-9. Cell No: 0333-7831180.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:923,437/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs:923,437/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 05-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28 day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)

Registrar

Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARAE-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 137/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Daulat Khan S/O Majid Khan, Resident of Killa Shabkora, Tehsil & District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-0849148-7.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:939,201/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs:939,201/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28 day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)

Registrar

Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARAE-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 136/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Loralai Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Qadam Jan S/O Amir Jan, Resident of Kalki, Tehsil Bori District Loralai. CNIC No: 56302-2124362-5.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:1,024,275/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs:1,024,275/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 03-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28 day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)

Registrar

Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARAE-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 134/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Chaman Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Gul Muhammad S/O Mir Khan, Resident of Killa Kandil Farazi Toba Achakzai Chaman. L.C No: 245. CNIC No: 54201-9955779-3. Cell No: 0313-8385915.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:988,959/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs:988,959/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 05-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28 day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)

Registrar

Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARAE-IQBAL QUETTA SUIT NO. 132/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Uthal Branch.

Plaintiff

VERSUS

Abdul Khaliq S/O Muhammad Usman Sheikh, Resident of Mohallah Rest House Bella, District Lasbeela. L.C No: 40477. CNIC No: 51501-0201205-9. Cell No: 0333-4882238.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs:1,129,815/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs:1,129,815/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 15-10-2026 at Hub.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 28 day of September, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)

Registrar

Banking Court Quetta