



Pakistan Army Deployment Approved in Khyber...



Neither Capitalism nor Communism Change Response

President Zardari Declares Emergency in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Under Constitutional Provisions

Muhammad Faizan Aslam Khan:

President Asif Ali Zardari has imposed emergency in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa under Article 232 of the Constitution, citing the alarming escalation of terrorist incidents and the grave deterioration of law and order in the province.

According to the presidential proclamation, terrorist attacks have intensified to an extraordinary degree, posing severe threats to the lives and property of citizens. Government installations, critical infrastructure, and law enforcement agencies have increasingly come under attack.

The statement further noted that the provincial government has failed to demonstrate the necessary resolve and measures to effectively counter terrorism and lawlessness. The declaration referenced a report submitted by the Governor of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, which highlighted constitutional breakdown in the province and the inability of the provincial government to function in accordance with the Constitution. In light of this situation, the President deemed immediate constitutional action essential.

The emergency has been enforced under Article 232(1) and



File Photo of President Asif Ali Zardari

Article 234(1) of the Constitution.

The proclamation stipulates that the provincial government cannot be run in accordance with constitutional requirements under the prevailing circumstances. Consequently, the federal government may direct the Governor of

Khyber Pakhtunkhwa to assume all or part of the functions of the provincial government.

Under these provisions, the Governor will exercise powers delegated by the federal government, including those of provincial institutions and authorities.

The powers of the provincial assembly will be exercised by Parliament or under its authority.

Furthermore, the Chief Minister, provincial ministers, advisers, special assistants, and the Advocate General will immediately vacate their offices.

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Soldier martyred, 12 terrorists killed as security forces foil infiltration....

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Emergency, governor's rule imposed in KP as president approves cabinet...

Khuzdar Road Accident: Four Family Members Dead in Car-Coach Collision

QASEEM SHAH:

Four members of the same family were killed and several others injured in a road accident involving a car and a passenger coach on the Quetta-Karachi National Highway near Sui in

Balochistan's Khuzdar district. Several people sustained injuries in the collision.

According to police, preliminary findings suggest that overspeeding caused the accident. Authorities have launched



an investigation to determine the circumstances surrounding the deadly collision.

The incident highlights the continuing risks of road accidents on the Quetta-Karachi National Highway, a key transport route in Balochistan.

Police teams reached the ac-

cident site shortly after receiving information and shifted the bodies to Teaching Hospital Khuzdar.

Several people sustained injuries in the collision.

According to police, preliminary findings suggest that overspeeding caused the accident. Authorities have launched

ALI HAMZA:

Former fugitive commander Noor Khan Bugti has surrendered to the state along with his family members and companions, bringing a total of 60 people back into the national mainstream in Balochistan, the provincial government said on Sunday.

Noor Khan Bugti and his companions took an oath of allegiance to Pakistan before Balochistan Chief Minister Mir Sarfraz Bugti at Pakistan House in Sui on October 11, 2026. The development took place during the chief minister's open court session.

According to the government, Noor Khan Bugti had spent around 20 years in the mountains and was allegedly involved in several terrorist activities in the past.

Following his surrender, he and his family are expected to settle in Sui. Speaking on the occasion, Chief Minister Sarfraz Bugti said lasting peace and development in Balochistan required loyalty to Pakistan, respect for the Constitution and law, and national unity.

He said the establishment of peace across the province and the country was a shared responsibility, adding that abandoning

Noor Khan Bugti Surrenders with 59 Others in Balochistan



CM Sarfraz Bugti handing over national flag to a former commander

violence and accepting the authority of the state were essential for returning to normal civilian life.

"Pakistan is our shared homeland, and its security, sovereignty and stability cannot be compromised," the chief minister said. Bugti said peace and stability were necessary to protect citizens' lives and property,

strengthen the economy, promote education and secure a better future for young people.

He added that the people of Balochistan wanted peace, development and prosperity, urging the province's youth to use their abilities to contribute to national progress.

The chief minister said returning to the national main-

stream could create better prospects for the individuals concerned, their families and their communities.

He added that state institutions were continuing efforts to establish lasting peace in Balochistan and called for broader public cooperation to promote national unity, uphold the rule of law and achieve shared development goals.

Pakistan Army Deployment Approved in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Muhammad Faizan Aslam Khan:

Under an official notification, the deployment has been authorised under Article 245 of the Constitution for the period covered by the proclamation issued on October 11, 2026, under Articles 232 and 234.

The army will support the provincial civil administration in maintaining peace and ensuring the security of residents and public installations, according to the notification.

The governor of Khyber



Pakhtunkhwa, in consultation with the Directorate General of Military Operations at General Headquarters (GHQ), will determine the number of troops and resources to be deployed in the province.

The notification will be published in the Gazette of Pakistan, Part II.

The federal government has approved the deployment of Pakistan Army troops in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa to assist the civil administration in maintaining law and order and protecting citizens, public property and government installations.

QUETTA VOICE

Editor: Asim Khan

Neither Capitalism nor Communism

Aziz ur Rehman Agha
The Cold War may have ended, but the ideological clash between Capitalism and Communism continues to shape global politics, economics, and international relations. Even today, global alliances reflect these old ideological divisions.

However, both Capitalist and Communist systems have failed to manage political and socio-economic affairs effectively. One system suppresses personal freedom; the other depresses inequality.

Both carry serious structural flaws that make them unsuitable for modern societies. This calls for a new, balanced approach — one found in the Islamic socio-economic and political philosophy, which follows a middle path between the two extremes.

The Flaws of Communism Communism lies at one extreme of the ideological spectrum. It suppresses individual freedoms such as speech, press, and trade. Historical examples from Maoist China during the Cultural Revolution (1966-1976) show how intellectual expression was crushed — books and music not aligned with party ideology were banned, and private libraries were destroyed.



Similarly, in the USSR, any deviation from party thought was treated as a crime.

Economically, Communism eliminates private property and discourages entrepreneurship. Without personal incentive,

individuals lose motivation to innovate and work for economic growth.

As a result, this system hampers development and limits prosperity. The severe restrictions on basic rights and freedoms make Communism unsustainable in

modern nation-states. The Problems with Capitalism On the other end lies Capitalism, which has enabled just 1% of the world's population to control more wealth than the remaining 99% combined. This system inherently promotes economic in-

equality, empowering elite industrialists while exploiting the working class. Under Capitalism, profit takes precedence over people — workers are overburdened, and ethical values are often sacrificed for industrial gains. Furthermore, Capitalism's obsession

with rapid industrialization and profit maximization has led to environmental destruction, resource depletion, and climate crises.

It prioritizes wealth accumulation over sustainability. These internal contradictions — growing inequality,

moral decay, and ecological harm — make Capitalism an unfit model for an equitable, sustainable society. The Islamic Socio-Economic Philosophy: A Balanced Approach Both Capitalism and Communism fail because they represent extremes — one suffo-

cates freedom; the other breeds inequality. Islam, however, offers a balanced socio-economic philosophy that harmonizes justice, freedom, and social welfare.

The Islamic economic system allows private ownership and business freedom, but regulates them through moral and legal checks. The obligation of Zakat (charity) redistributes wealth, preventing concentration in the hands of a few. Meanwhile, the prohibition of Riba (usury) ensures financial fairness and discourages exploitation. Together, these principles foster economic justice, social cohesion, and sustainable development. Conclusion Neither Capitalism nor Communism provides a complete solution to humanity's political and economic challenges. Both contain inherent flaws — one curtails human freedom, the other destroys social equality. The Islamic socio-economic model, however, offers the ideal middle path — balancing individual rights with collective welfare. With its emphasis on justice, equality, and moral responsibility, Islam presents the most sustainable and humane political and economic philosophy for the modern world.

Winds of change to where?

ZAHID HUSSAIN:
THERE IS MUCH talk of the 'winds of change', but where are they blowing from? Well-briefed sections of the media and well-connected cabinet ministers tell us that some form of administrative restructuring to create new provinces is inevitable, and that it may come sooner rather than later.

We are told it is 'the will of the people' and that anyone who opposes it will be swept aside. One cannot help but wonder whether it is really the will of the people or that of the powers that be.

Curiously, while federal ministers belonging to the ruling PML-N deny any public knowledge of such a move, the PPP has vowed to resist the creation of new provinces.

And there has been no debate on the issue in parliament or the provincial assemblies.

Perhaps, as with the previous 26th and 27th Amendments, the draft is being prepared somewhere else, and lawmakers are expected simply to rubber-stamp it.

Speculation about an impending 28th amendment on administrative restructuring had been circulating for some time, but it was the interior minister's public statement last month that confirmed that a change was in the offing.

His remarks amounted to an indictment of the entire political order and a call for structural change.

A statement by the military spokesman soon after gave further shape to the emerging plan.

Those statements triggered intense public debate over a plan whose contours remain obscure.

All manner of suggestions — from the creation of new administrative units to devolution — are being floated.

Yet even the political parties and federal ministers who ad-



manly support restructuring admit they have no clear framework for how it should be carried out.

The collapse of the system is the result of the denial of democratic rights to the people.

There is no disagreement that the existing political power structure has long since collapsed and can no longer deliver.

But any attempt to salvage the system through patchwork will fail.

The crisis runs far deeper and cannot be resolved merely by redrawing administrative units.

Some media reports, apparently based on the official briefing, suggest the still to be finalised 28th amendment is not limited to new administrative units but also envisages 'sweeping governance restructuring'.

Structural reform is inseparable from democracy, and any change imposed by extra-constitutional forces will only

worsen the chaos and fuel instability.

Yet given the existing imbalance of power in favour of the establishment, there appears little likelihood of resistance from a civilian leadership of questionable legitimacy.

The 26th and 27th Amendments have already damaged the foundation of the Constitution by virtually destroying judicial independence; many are of the view that the judiciary has

been reduced to an extension of the executive.

A 28th amendment as currently conceived would destroy even the semblance of democracy that remains.

The creation of new administrative units and devolution of power to local governments has long been viewed as a way to improve governance.

Yet the country's political parties have never reached a consensus on the issue, and the constitutional require-

ment of a two-thirds majority in both the national parliament and provincial assemblies has made the creation of new provinces almost impossible.

There is broad agreement on establishing a separate south Punjab province, but whether it should be divided along linguistic or administrative lines remains a sticking point. Similarly,

while there appears to be a general acceptance in KP of a Hazara

province, the exact boundary remains disputed. The suggestion to divide Sindh, however, remains the most contentious issue.

Not surprisingly, the PPP has campaigned aggressively against a plan that would create a separate

Karachi province, while others have suggested placing the country's financial and industrial hub under direct federal control.

Both proposals amount to cutting off Sindh's capital city, which makes

no sense; any such move could spark an uprising in the country's second-biggest province.

Likewise, dividing Balochistan into several administrative units would only worsen an already volatile situation. Far from improving governance, such arbitrary plans, conceived arguably by extra-constitutional elements, are impractical.

Rather than pursuing a controversial re-drawing of administrative boundaries, the powers mandating those powers should be removed. The grand idea of creating more provinces, and governance reform imposed by the establishment, will only expedite the very collapse of the state that the interior minister mentioned.

It must be left to parliament and the political parties to build consensus on devolution to local government, which is essential for democracy and good governance.

We have the example of political parties jointly working on the 18th Amendment, which strengthened federalism through the devolution of power to the provinces.

A major problem, however, is the security set-up's growing control of the state. A civilian government of doubtful legitimacy, beholden to the establishment for its survival, is in no position to resist pressure.

The collapse of the system is the result of the denial of democratic rights to the people, and the rot cannot be stopped through imposed solutions.

A country mired in economic, political and internal security crises cannot afford another contentious issue dividing the people.

These so-called winds of change are certainly not good for the future of democracy and the country.

What we need is the restoration of democracy and the supremacy of the Constitution to stem the rot.

Balochistan Governor Pledges Priority Resolution of Workers' Issues in Consultation with Labour Unions

QUETTA: Balochistan Governor Jaffar Khan Mandokhail has pledged to address the problems and challenges faced by workers across the province on a priority basis in consultation with labour union leaders.

He said the provincial government was directing all provincial ministers to play a more active role in resolving public issues and complaints and ensuring relief for workers and other citizens.

The governor expressed these views while addressing a ceremony organized by the Pakistan Muslim League-Nawaz (PML-N) Labour Wing in collaboration with other labour unions in Quetta.

Mandokhail said former prime minister Nawaz Sharif had always attached special importance



to workers' welfare. He emphasized that the working class played a fundamental role in the country's economy and development, making the protection of workers' rights and resolution of their problems key priorities. Congratulating Naseem-ur-Rehman Malakhail on his election as convener, the governor said he had extensive political experience and would be able to lead the labour movement to higher levels of leadership. Referring to the role of elected representatives

in Quetta, Mandokhail mentioned the active contribution of MPA Zarak Khan Mandokhail and said elected representatives had kept their offices open to the public so that citizens could raise their complaints and seek solutions.

He reaffirmed that practical measures would be taken to identify and resolve workers' problems in light of suggestions from labour leaders and relevant unions.

He stressed that effective communication

and cooperation among the government, elected representatives and labour organizations were essential for workers' welfare and the resolution of their legitimate concerns. The ceremony was attended by Provincial Minister Mir Asim Kurd Gailo, MNA Akhtar Bibi, Chief Minister's Adviser Naseem-ur-Rehman Malakhail, MPA Zarak Khan Mandokhail, Amir Khan Mandokhail, Zaman Mandokhail, Younas Baloch, Chaudhry Shabbir and Waheed Kasi, along

with labour leaders, Labour Wing office-bearers, representatives of various unions and a large number of workers.

Addressing the gathering, Provincial Minister Mir Asim Kurd Gailo congratulated the PML-N Labour Wing on organizing the event and highlighted the contribution of workers to national development.

MNA Akhtar Bibi said workers' prosperity would contribute to Pakistan's prosperity and stressed the need to represent the concerns of workers employed in factories. Naseem-ur-Rehman Malakhail thanked Governor Mandokhail for attending the Labour Wing ceremony on a holiday. He also acknowledged the government's longstanding association with the PML-N, dating back to his student days.

Sohbatpur Deputy Commissioner Directs 24-Hour Operation of Noor Pur Basic Health Unit

SOHBATPUR: Deputy Commissioner Sohbatpur Farida Tareen has directed the relevant authorities to take practical measures to make Basic Health Unit (BHU) Noor Pur operational around the clock and improve healthcare services across the district.

She issued the directives while chairing a meeting of the District Health Committee (DHC), which reviewed the overall performance of public health facilities, medical services, staff attendance, provision of essential furniture to newly established basic health units and challenges facing the district's healthcare sector. During the meeting, participants discussed providing furniture and other essential facilities to newly established BHUs, ensuring round-the-clock services at BHU Noor Pur, taking action against



employees absent from duty, reviewing monitoring reports and conducting field visits by the relevant officers. Tareen directed the authorities concerned to ensure that newly established basic health units were equipped with the necessary furniture and basic facilities so they could become fully operational and provide healthcare services closer to people's homes. Emphasizing that timely access to

healthcare was a fundamental public right, she warned that negligence or dereliction of duty would not be tolerated. The deputy commissioner also directed officials to ensure the attendance of doctors, paramedical staff and other employees at all government health facilities.

Khuzdar Marks 'Day of Salvation' with Rally; Administration Moves to Establish First Women's Police Station

KHUZDAR: A ceremony and rally were held in Khuzdar to mark the "Day of Salvation" in support of recent federal government measures aimed at restoring peace and stability, combating terrorism and addressing the country's security challenges and political instability. The ceremony took place at the Deputy Commissioner's Office, where participants cut a cake and reaffirmed their support for the federal government's constitutional and administrative measures, including the imposition of an emergency in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa. Sweets were distributed among participants at the conclusion of the

Khuzdar Muhammad Baloch, office-bearers of the All Parties Citizens Action Committee, Hindu Panchayat leader Seth Jawaharlal, government officials, tribal elders and a large number of local residents attended the ceremony and rally. "Khuzdar Administration Begins Work on First Women's Police Station" In a separate development, the Khuzdar district administration has initiated practical steps to establish the district's first women's police station following demands raised during a women's open court held at the Deputy Commissioner's Office. Deputy Commissioner Abdul Razzaq



ceremony. A rally was subsequently taken out from the Deputy Commissioner's Office, attracting a large number of citizens. Participants chanted slogans in support of peace, stability and the elimination of terrorism.

Speakers said national unity and solidarity with state institutions were essential as the country faced multiple challenges. They stressed that effective government measures were necessary to protect citizens' lives and property and eliminate terrorism. Deputy Commissioner Khuzdar Abdul Razzaq Sasoli, SSP

Sasoli visited the former Leves Tehsil Office along with Municipal Corporation Chief Officer Wadara Saleh Muhammad Jamot. Executive Engineers Liaquat Ali and Saleem Umarani also accompanied them. During the ceremony, the establishment of a women's police station was being formally designated by the establishment of a women's police station.

He directed the relevant departments to complete repairs, renovation and all necessary arrangements for setting up the facility as soon as possible.

Quetta West Orders Private Schools to Refund 50% of Winter Vacation Fees

QUETTA: The Deputy Commissioner's Office of Quetta West has directed all private schools in the district not to charge full tuition fees for winter vacations, in accordance with orders of the Supreme Court of Pakistan.

According to a circular issued by the office, private schools that have already collected fees for the winter vacation period must refund 50 per cent of the amount received or adjust it against the following month's tuition fees.

The circular warns that educational institutions violating these directives may face strict action, including sealing of school premises, recommendations for cancellation of registration and contempt of court

proceedings. The District Education Officer, Quetta West, has also been instructed to ensure that all private schools comply with the orders and submit a compliance report to the Deputy Commissioner's Office within three days.

The circular further states that schools continuing classes during the winter vacation period may charge fees for that period, provided they submit attendance records with the orders and educational activities to the relevant directorate.

The directive aims to ensure compliance with the court's orders and protect parents and students from the collection of vacation fees in violation of the prescribed requirements.

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 192/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Barkhan Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Sher Muhammad S/o Malik Khala, Resident of Narari Thakra, Tehsil & District Barkhan. LC No. 13155.

CNIC No. 56101-505660-3.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs. 756,222/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs. 756,222/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it is reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 190/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Barkhan Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Bar Muhammad S/o Mural Khan, Resident of Narari Thakra, Tehsil & District Barkhan. LC No. 13122.

CNIC No. 56101-4485667-9.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs. 739,906/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs. 739,906/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it is reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 188/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Yar Muhammad S/o Sultan Muhammad, Resident of Killa Warchoom, District Ziarat. LC No. 10695.

CNIC No. 55401-10495556-1.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs. 684,373/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs. 684,373/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it is reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 189/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Jamal-U-Din S/o Noor-U-Haq, Resident of Killa Warchoom, District Ziarat. LC No. 7431.

CNIC No. 55401-8269070-3.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs. 2,322,145/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs. 2,322,145/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it is reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 187/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Zahr Shah S/o Sher Jan, Resident of Killa Warchoom, District Ziarat. LC No. 7811.

CNIC No. 55401-1359064-7.

Borrower/Defendant

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs. 896,082/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCES) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C. 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for Rs. 896,082/- balance of principal & interest/mark up/rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

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Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it is reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

Emergency, governor's rule imposed in KP as president approves cabinet decision

NEWS DESK: The federal government on Sunday imposed an emergency and governor's rule in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa following the president's approval of the recommendations by the federal cabinet.

The measures have been approved under Articles 232 and 234 of the Constitution, the President House said in a statement.

The two provisions pertain to the proclamation of emergency and governor's rule.

The decision to impose the provisions came during an emergency meeting of the federal cabinet chaired by Prime Minister Shehbaz Sharif, where he was briefed on the security situation in KP.

A statement issued by the Prime Minister Office (PMO) said cabinet members reviewed the



situation and took note of the "provincial government's deliberate disengagement from the fight against terrorism".

The members proposed giving the "gravity" of the situation, that the PM advise the president to exercise "his constitutional authority and impose an emer-

gency in the province under Articles 232 and 234 of the Constitution".

A couple of hours after the decision was announced, KP Information Minister Shafi Jan, who had been accompanying Chief Minister Sohail Afridi on the PTI's long march, claimed that the KP CM had been taken into custody.

Dawn has reached out to police for a comment. The emergency imposition comes a day after PM Shehbaz met President Zardari and discussed the country's overall security situation.

HEC Increases MBBS, BDS Seats and Scholarships for Balochistan, Ex-FATA Students Under Batch-IV

Syed Muhammad Yaseen

QUETTA: The Higher Education Commission (HEC) has increased MBBS and BDS seats, along with scholarship opportunities, under the Balochistan and erstwhile FATA Undergraduate Scholarship Programme for Batch-IV, providing additional opportunities for students aspiring to pursue higher education.

The increase is expected to benefit eligible students from Balochistan and erstwhile Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA) during the current academic session.

According to the expected timeline, the placement list for Batch-IV is likely to be uploaded within the next three to four weeks.



Students will be able to check their placement status and other relevant details once the list is officially published. The scholarship programme aims to support talented students

from Balochistan and erstwhile FATA in pursuing higher education, including professional degree programmes such as MBBS and BDS.

Students have been advised to keep checking official HEC announcements for updates regarding the Batch-IV placement list, scholarship allocation, medical and dental college seats, and further admission procedures.

Soldier martyred, 12 terrorists killed as security forces foil infiltration attempt in Kurram: ISPR

NEWS DESK: A soldier was martyred and 12 terrorists killed in an exchange of fire in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa's Kurram district, the army's spokesman said on Sunday.

The Inter-Services Public Relations (ISPR) said that the movement of a group of khawarij attempting to cross the international border from Afghanistan into Pakistan was detected in Kurram district on Sunday, where security forces engaged them effectively. Fina al Khawarij is a term the state uses for terrorists belonging to the banned Tehreek-i-Taliban Pakistan.

Security forces, "maintaining a high

"The skilful and precise engagement by vigilant troops resulted in the killing of 12 khawarij, the statement said on Sunday.

During the exchange of fire, Naib Subedar Hidayat Aman was martyred after "fighting gallantly".

This incident along the Pakistan-Afghanistan border vindicates Islamabad's "objective and factual stance regarding the willful abject failure of the Afghan Taliban regime to deny the use of Afghan soil to the terrorist organisation", the statement added. "The security forces of Pakistan remain resolute and unwav-



ering in their commitment to defend the nation's frontiers," said the ISPR, adding that sanitisation operation is being conducted in the area to eliminate any other Indian sponsored khawarij found in the area.

Intercity transport suspended in Lahore, bus terminals reportedly sealed

NEWS DESK: Intercity bus services from Lahore to several destinations across the country were suspended on Sunday after the administration reportedly sealed all general bus terminals in the city late on Saturday night, leaving passengers stranded and disrupting travel.



The closures affected passengers travelling to Islamabad, Sindh, southern Punjab and other parts of central Punjab. Several passengers reported difficulties after their tickets were cancelled and transport services suspended. Meanwhile, major private bus operators, including Faisal Movers and Daewoo, suspended their ser-

vice amid reports of restrictions on public transport movement on motorways and national highways.

Representatives of Faisal Movers and Daewoo told Dawn that their services had been suspended and buses were not being dispatched due to the restrictions. However, motorway police spokesperson Imran Shah told Dawn that motorways and highways were open to traffic.

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 186/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Najam-u-Din S/o Jamal-u-Din, Resident of Kili Warchum, District Ziarat. LC No: 10846. CNIC No: 55401-5469896-3. **Borrower/Defendant**

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs.1,322,475/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C., 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs.1,322,475/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 184/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Muhammad Ayub S/o Niaz Muhammad, Resident of Kili Warchum Tehsil & District Ziarat. LC No: 11232. CNIC No: 55401-2068882-9. **Borrower/Defendant**

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs.1,860,529/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C., 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs.1,860,529/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 182/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Abdul Wahab S/o Abdul Ghaffar, Resident of Kili Shalanzay Tehsil Sanjavi, District Ziarat. LC No: 10710. CNIC No: 55402-9921926-5. **Borrower/Defendant**

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs.832,261/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C., 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs.832,261/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 185/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Muhammad Yaqoob S/o Niaz Muhammad, Resident of Kili Warchum Tehsil & District Ziarat. LC No: 11209. CNIC No: 55401-9076142-9. **Borrower/Defendant**

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs.1,059,129/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C., 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs.1,059,129/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 183/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Abdullah S/o Dad Muhammad, Resident of Kili Shalanzay Tehsil Sanjavi, District Ziarat. LC No: 10662. CNIC No: 55402-4460813-7. **Borrower/Defendant**

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs.822,368/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C., 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs.822,368/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta

BEFORE THE JUDGE BANKING COURT QUETTA DISTRICT COURT/KACHEHRY SHARA-E-IQBAL QUETTA

SUIT NO. 181/2026

Zarai Taraqati Bank Limited, Through Its Manager, Ziarat Branch. **Plaintiff**

VERSUS

Shah Muhammad S/o Abdul Razzaq, Resident of Purna Sanjavi, District Ziarat. LC No: 10824. CNIC No: 55402-9561148-1. **Borrower/Defendant**

SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF Rs.1,218,793/- ALONG WITH COST OF FUND AND COST OF SUIT, SUIT US 9 OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS (RECOVERY OF FINANCE) ORDINANCE, 2001.

NOTICE UNDER FORM IV APPENDIX B OF C.P.C., 1908.

Notice to: - The above noted defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you under section 9(5) of the Banking Companies Ordinance XLVI of 2001 for **Rs.1,218,793/-** balance of principal & interest/mark up rent due to him of which copy can be obtained from this court, on or, hereby summoned to obtain leave from the court within 30 (thirty) days, from the service hereof to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you.

In the default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after expiration of such 30 (thirty) days to obtain decree as prayed in the plaint.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the court supported by an affidavit or declaration showing that there is defense to the suit on the merits, or i.e. if, it reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit. **Date of hearing is 12-11-2026.**

GIVEN under my hand and seal of the court, this 9th day of October, 2026.

(SAIFULLAH KHAN)
Registrar
Banking Court Quetta